

ERWAT: Second Quarter Departmental Performance Report

2024/25 QUARTERLY REPORTING TEMPLATE AGAINST THE APPROVED BUSINESS PLANS

1. Executive Summary by the Department

ERWAT's key performance areas are aimed at ensuring sustainable delivery of sanitation services with current resources and seeking to address backlogs in the provision of sanitation to the wider City of Ekurhuleni (CoE) area. A new strategy was adopted by ERWAT in the current financial year 2024/2025, which is anchored in two main objectives, including the focus on operational excellence and enhancement of infrastructure maintenance for the achievement of Green Drop Status at all the water care works over a time period and ensuring financial sustainability through financial alignment and commercialisation. The strategic objectives are driven by the introduction of corporate key performance areas, which aims to strengthen the achievement of Service Delivery Budget Implementation Plan (SDBIP) outcomes and alignment to the Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and the Growth and Development Strategy (GDS) of City of Ekurhuleni. Critical for ERWAT is to ensure that it has sufficient wastewater treatment capacity to meet current and future demands. This is measured in terms of the city-wide indicator for wastewater treatment capacity that is unused. ERWAT has continued to dedicate its capex programme towards the renewal of infrastructure and ensuring continuity in wastewater treatment during loadshedding events, through the installation of generators, where necessary. The departmental SDBIP performance areas of ERWAT are focused on investment into the entity's infrastructure, which is central to CoEs and the country's development goals. The performance areas further focus on the protection of the environment and public health through improved quality of effluent discharges and adherence to Green Drop requirements, clean public administration, sustainable financial management and improving external revenue streams towards becoming self-sustainable.

ERWATs performance in Quarter 2 of 2024/2025 was very good at 89% achievement of reportable targets considered for the performance of the entity. With the increase of reportable targets in Quarter 2 compared to Quarter 1, there was a slight decline in performance from the 100% performance achieved in Quarter 1. However, it is still a significant improvement from the 46% achieved in Quarter 2 of the previous year (2023/2024). The entity achieved eight (8) out of the nine (9) reportable indicators, which is considered for performance in the second quarter of 2024/2025, as shown in Table A, below. There are in total fourteen (14) performance indicators. Although all fourteen performance indicators are reported on in 2024/2025, only thirteen (13) are counted when calculating overall performance for periods in this financial year, due to the exemption of the "Total Operating Expenditure as a % of Total

Operating Budget" indicator. As a result, one (1) city-wide indicator and eight (8) departmental indicators are reportable for performance in Quarter 2.

Service De	livery Mon	itoring				
	Total number of targets	Target exempted *in 2024/2025	Total number of targets set for performance measurement in the quarter	Achieved	Not achieved	Variance
City Wide SDBIP	1	0	1	1	0	0
Departme nt SDBIP	13	1	8	7	1	1

Table A: Summary of Service Delivery Performance

*The target for Total Operating Expenditure as a percentage of Total Operating Budget is exempted in 2024/2025 and is reported on for monitoring purposes only. The outcome of this target is not counted in the performance calculations.

ERWAT is committed to the strategic direction of CoE and has demonstrated this through the achievement of the city-wide target indicator for wastewater treatment capacity unused. Good progress was made by the entity to improve the effluent quality discharges, which was enabled by prioritising maintenance and renewal of critical infrastructure. The entity assessed its expenditure to ensure that programmes focused on the achievement of the Green Drop objective, also ensuring that receiving environment is not polluted, and public health is not affected by the operations, as per the entity's key mandate. Furthermore, ERWAT has continued to improve in the procurement of goods and services and maintained good allocations for procurement of SMMEs in the municipal areas. In addition, good margins for external revenue generation were achieved.

ERWAT continued to make significant progress towards closing the gaps in the expenditure of its operating budget, through the acceleration of the recruitment of staff and the joint task team to oversee and expedite project timelines and the maintenance of critical infrastructure. These measures contributed to the improved performance and will continue in the foreseeable future so that the pre-determined targets can be achieved, when this indicator becomes applicable for performance reporting.

ERWAT with the support of City of Ekurhuleni is making good progress towards the feasibility assessment phases of the Mega Catalytic projects, which also forms part of the entity's 50-year master and regionalisation plan to accommodate new developments within the City of Ekurhuleni. Dependent on obtaining the necessary funding, the implementation phases are next to commence. The planned capacity upgrade needs of the Water Care Works are critical for the current backlog in capacity and to make provision for future housing and industrial developments. ERWAT worked hard to close some of the short-term gaps by ensuring the capex budget was spent as planned in the first two (2) quarters. However, there remains a significant shortfall in the in the Capex funding requirements for ERWAT to implement the 5-year capex programme, to upgrade of the Water Care Works.

2. Service Delivery Monitoring

2.1 CITY-WIDE SDBIP

KPI 1 – City-wide

Percentage of wastewater treatment capacity unused

Method of Measure

((1) Total volume of wastewater treated over the last year / ((2) Daily wastewater treatment plant available design capacity x cumulative number of days))]

Evidence

Dated and signed report indicating actual flow received and treated per WCW and totalised for ERWAT system (19 WCW) drawn from LIMS (Laboratory Information Management System), in conjunction with the original or re-graded design hydraulic capacity (available capacity) per WCW for the ERWAT system (total of 19 WCW).

Q2 Target

-50%

Q2 Actual

-35%

<u>Comment</u>

Target is achieved due realistic target setting given the prevailing inundation challenges.

Reasons for Variance

Water Care Works received lesser than amounts of daily inflows.

Remedial action

Even though the target was achieved the intention is to eliminate completely the negative unused capacity and have at least 20% unused capacity. To this end more financial resources are required to eliminate any negative unused capacity and create some spare capacity. The implementation of the capacity upgrade or extension is subject to the availability of funds. The currently allocated MTREF does not have provision for any Capacity Upgrade or Extension projects, ERWAT require additional funding on the current budget allocation. ERWAT cannot commit to a specific date due to unavailability of budget.

2.2 DEPARTMENTAL SDBIP

KPI 2 – Departmental SDBIP

Total revenue generated from external business.

Method of measure

Increased Commercial Business revenue generated from commercial sources (Absolute Rand Value per quarter). The indicator target is measured across the Quarters Revenue generated from: External Income (none NDA).

Evidence

Invoices - (The invoices to be coupled with sales report with a balance that agree to the amount reported for SDBIP purposes)

Q2 Target

R9 900 000

Q2 Actual

R10 692 677

Comment:

The target for Q2 was achieved with a positive variance of R 792 677

Reason for variance

The revenue target was successfully achieved due to the continued execution of current projects, as well as the additional revenue generated from ad-hoc projects.

Remedial action

Maintain the current client base and prevent attrition.

<u>KPI 3 – Departmental SDBIP</u> Audit Opinion

Method of measure

The Audit Opinion is defined by the Auditor General. It is given across a qualitative, ordinal scale including Unqualified with no findings; Unqualified with findings; Qualified with findings; Adverse with findings; and disclaimed with findings. For those who have not completed the process 'Outstanding audits' are recorded.

Evidence

Dated and signed Audit report from Auditor General South Africa (AGSA).

<u>Q2 Target</u> N/A

<u>Q2 Actual</u> N/A

<u>Comment:</u> N/A

Reason for variance

Remedial action

KPI 4 – Departmental SDBIP

Percentage compliance with wastewater treatment works license conditions and/or exemptions standards

Method of measure

The indicator measures the compliance of wastewater works effluent to the requirements of biological and chemical indicators as per the water use license granted by the Regulator. It is calculated by dividing the number of determinants complying to the Water Use Authorization with the total number of determinants.

Evidence

Water quality analyses of each Wastewater Treatment Works (from the LIMS) is downloaded. Spreadsheet used to calculate average compliance of each of the 3 compliance categories and then the average of the 3 categories gives the overall compliance per WCW and then ERWAT system (19 WCW). Applicable Water use authorization limits of each Wastewater Treatment Works.

Q2 Target

75%

Q2 Actual

86%

Comment

KPI Achieved

The entity achieved 86% Quarterly target by a positive variance of 11% compared to the 10% positive variance in Q1. The 1% increase was mainly due to the low strength raw inflows received; this normally occurs during wet seasons as the stormwater ingress tends to dilute the raw inflows.

Although the Quarterly target has been met the following ongoing challenges are experienced by the WCW operated by ERWAT. Also see Section 3.3.

Critical equipment failures Industrial pollution Power outages

Reason for variance

<u>Critical equipment failures</u>

The critical equipment failures are expressed as a percentage (%) of the number of critical equipment failures over the reporting period divided by the total number of duty critical equipment that directly impacts final effluent water quality. The following WCWs Benoni, Dekema, Hartebeestfontein, Rondebult, Rynfield and Vlakplaats experienced the most critical equipment failures impacting directly on the effluent compliance, average negative variance of 5 % as compared with the prior quarter. These negative variances occurred within different months in the quarter.

It should be noted that several critical equipment failures were not resolved in previous quarters and the impact on compliance are thereof carried over from quarter to quarter.

wcw	% of critical equipment not available Q2 2024/2025	% of critical equipment not available Q1 2024/2025
Ancor	0%	0%
Benoni	43%	10%
Carl Grundlingh	0%	2%
Daveyton	2%	0%
Dekema	45%	26%
Esther Park	0%	6%
Hartebeestfontein	29%	20%
Heidelberg	5%	7%
Herbert Bickley	5%	0%
Jan Smuts	0%	2%
JP Marais	0%	0%
Olifantsfontein	1%	2%
Ratanda	4%	0%
Rondebult	29%	28%
Rynfield	37%	33%
Tsakane	9%	7%
Vlakplaats	21%	6%
Waterval	6%	4%
Welgedacht	18%	11%
Average of 19 WCW	13.37%	8.60%

wcw	% of critical equipment not available Q2 2024/2025	% of critical equipment not available Q1 2024/2025
	2 remain unchanged, 5 improvements and 12 deteriorated.	6 improvements and 7 deteriorated.

The average critical equipment failures between Q1 2024-2025 and Q2 2024-2025 have increased by about 5 %.

Power outages

The WCWs tabulated below experienced frequent power failures during Quarter 2 impacting the compliance of the WCWs directly. It must be noted that the impact of power outages, have an increasing detrimental impact on the WCW ability to treat wastewater, despite the availability of standby generators. It can be noted that in total 1421 hours power failures were experienced on the WCW in Q2, compared to 987 hours in Q1- an increase of 434 hours. Some of the WCW do not have installed generators at all critical plant processes whilst others are not operational, awaiting repairs.

		Qua				
Plant		Scheduled Load Reduction	Total hours Load Reduction	Power failures	Total hours Power Failure s	Total hours without power
Benoni	DD3	0	0	5	29	29
Esther Park	DD3	0	0	5	32	32
Hartebeestfontein	DD3	0	0	3	20	20
Olifantsfontein	DD3	0	0	0	0	0
Rynfield	DD3	0	0	6	66	66
Ancor	DD4	0	0	1	3	3
Daveyton	DD4	0	0	16	98	98
Jan Smuts	DD4	0	0	1	0	0
JP Marais	DD4	0	0	5	28	28

		Qua	arter 2 2024/2	025		
Plant		Scheduled Load Reduction	Total hours Load Reduction	Power failures	Total hours Power Failure s	Total hours without power
Welgedacht	DD4	0	0	10	108	108
Herbert Bickley	DD5	0	0	5	21	21
Heidelberg	DD5	0	0	53	280	280
Tsakane	DD5	10	50	6	73	123
Ratanda	DD5	0	0	19	225	225
Carl Grundlingh	DD5	0	0	4	85	85
Dekema	DD6	0	0	24	95	95
Rondebult	DD6	0	0	11	104	104
Vlakplaats	DD6	0	0	12	104	104
Waterval	0					
Total number of he	ours wi	thout electric	ity on all Wa	ter Care W	orks for	1421

It is important to take note that although the water quality compliance target was achieved, serious ongoing challenges remain mainly due to power outages associated with bulk electrical supply failures and load reductions in selected areas. The following WCW experienced the greatest number of power supply interruptions in Q2; Heidelberg (53), Dekema (24), Ratanda (19) Daveyton (16) Vlakplaats (12), Rondebult (11) and Welgedacht (10).

Industrial pollution incidents:

The industrial pollution is a phenomenon whereby industries (or other users) clean tanks, process units and dump the contents in the sewer lines. Such contents are normally characterised by high concentrated impurities or impurities the WCW would have been designed for, e.g vehicle oils or lubricants. Even though ERWAT monitor, sample analyse and report to CoE the industrial pollution received at the various WCW daily, it is often too late to track the source once the pollution enters the WCW, due to the vast sewer networks it should also be noted that even though some of the WCW listed in the Table met the final effluent compliance target, they are still negatively impacted by industrial pollution on specific days

The WCWs (water care works) listed in the Table below received industrial pollution during Quarter 2. The pollution impacts negatively on the biochemical treatment processes, the operation of the Works and subsequently results in the inability of the Works to meet the final effluent compliance levels. The total number of industrial pollution incidents increased in Q2 as compared to Q1, as detailed in the Table below.

	Number Of Industrial Pollution Incidents during Q2 2024/2025	Number Of Industrial Pollution Incidents during Q1 2024/2025
Benoni	59	0
Esther Park	36	11
Hartebeestfontein	18	10
Olifantsfontein	45	29
Rynfield	0	0
Ancor	60	19
Daveyton	0	0
Jan Smuts	49	9
JP Marais	11	11
Welgedacht	9	4
Carl Grundlingh	5	2
Heidelberg	42	20
Herbert Bickley	62	7
Ratanda	0	0
Tsakane	0	7
Dekema	0	1
Rondebult	32	12
Vlakplaats	5	0
Waterval	0	0
Total	433	142

Herbert Bickley, Ancor, Benoni, Jan Smuts, Olifantsfontein, Heidelberg, Esther Park and Rondebult WCW were heavily impacted by industrial pollution in Q2, the overall pollution incidents has increased by 3 folds in Q2 compared to Q1

Remedial action:

• Critical equipment failures

Asset Care plans for critical equipment were developed but only partially implemented. Breakdowns still occur frequently, and the number of outstanding jobs for critical equipment is significant, impacting the final effluent quality directly. Adequate OPEX funds are urgently required to implement the full asset care plans and reduce the failure rate and improve reliability. A War Room (comprising of Operations, Maintenance, Finance, Strategy, Monitoring & Evaluation, Infrastructure Planning and Projects Departments and Office of the Managing Director) has been established (effective from Q2 previous financial year, 2023/2024) to closely monitor progress implementation of outstanding critical maintenance work and improve the internal business processes.

• Power supply outages

Short to medium term: Standby diesel generators are available at some of the most critical process units of the various WCW. Several new generators have been procured to cover all WCW critical process units.

• Industrial pollution incidents

ERWAT works closely with the CoE and report all incidents as soon as detected to assist in tracing the source of the pollution. However, the pollution source is not often identified as it is difficult to trace in the vast sewer networks. Illegal tanker discharges were however identified to be one of the primary sources of pollution. Subsequently, some of the authorised open manholes used by tanker services were closed by the COE to tighten supervision, but more interventions are required. Fingerprinting of the pollution by the ERWAT Laboratory is a valuable tool to assist CoE in identifying the industrial pollution sources and to apply the By-Laws. ERWAT has also introduced an organic tariff formula, included in the Service Delivery Agreement whereby the City will be invoiced for increased organic content (strength) beyond the capabilities of the relevant WCW

KPI 5 – Departmental SDBIP

Total Capital Expenditure as a percentage of total capital budget

Method of measure:

This indicator measures the extent to which budgeted capital expenditure has been spent during the financial year. Capital expenditure is all costs incurred by the municipality to acquire, upgrade, and renew physical assets such as property, plants, buildings, technology, or equipment.

Formula: 1) Actual Capital Expenditure /(2) Budgeted Capital Expenditure

Evidence

Dated and signed Finance year to date expenditure report

Q2 Target

35%

Q2 Actual

45.95%

Comments

Quarterly target was achieved with a positive variance of 10.95%.

Reasons for variance

Effective Project Management approach and proper project planning in place.

Remedial action:

None

KPI – 6 Department SDBIP

Percentage of procurement spend allocated to SMME's

Method of measure

The indicator measures the percentage of procurement spend allocated to SMME's through ensuring appropriate application of the preferential procurement practices. This support will be calculated as a percentage of the total value paid to Small, Medium and Micro Enterprises either directly or via the principal contractor in terms of a Preferential Procurement Regulation 4 or 9 contractual condition.

Indicator Formula: (1) rand value of procurement spend allocated to SMME's / (2) rand value of total procurement spend *100.

Evidence

Award and payment listing (Report) of SMME expenditure amount (including invoices).

Q2 Target

60%

Q2 Actual

82%

<u>Comments</u>

Target achieved

Reason for variance

A positive variance of 22% achieved, resulting from defined specific goals that are aimed at prioritising SMME's on procurement contracts.

Remedial action

None

<u>KPI 7 – Departmental SDBIP</u> Number of Repeat Audit Findings

Method of measure:

The indicator tracks the number of findings made on the same matter as of the last audit cycle. The "Repeat" findings refer to those findings that have persisted from one year of reporting to the next. These are identified as repeat findings by the Auditor-General on the following administrative areas including but not limited to: i) Annual financial statements and annual report.

The formula for the indicator is the (1) Simple count of the number of "repeat" findings itemized in the Auditor-General's report of each municipality.

Evidence

Dated and signed Audit report from Auditor General South Africa (AGSA)¹.

Q2 Target

0

Q2 Actual

4

Comment:

Target not achieved.

Reason for variance

ERWAT has four repeat audit findings. Two of the findings relates to internal control deficiencies on a number of areas specificly relating to the Wastewater Treatment Works. The remaining two findings relates to the non prevention of fruitless and wasteful expenditure and consequence management on irregular expenditure.

Remedial action

ERWAT will continue to aim to improve on the internal control deficiencies which might still exist and to prevent fruitless and wasteful expenditure in the future. An external service

¹ As at 7 January 2025, ERWAT was still awaiting the signed Audit Report from the AGSA. The draft audit report was submitted as evidence in the interim, as advised by CoE.

provider has been appointed by the CoE to ensure that consequencee management is adequately implemented.

<u>KPI 8 – Departmental SDBIP</u> Number of Green Drop (90%) wastewater treatment works (Bi-quarterly)

Method of measure:

The indicator measures the number of wastewater treatment works that achieved the Green Drop standard bi quarterly. (90%) Internal assessment is conducted by ERWAT Compliance Office (internal assessment.)

A further determination will be made on the impact or deviation of the treatment capacity caused by loadshedding incidences in the following manner:

Calculate and totalise the energy consumption and impacted treatment capacity for the process units at each of the water care works under ERWAT. The deviation is determined by expressing the impacted treatment capacity as a percentage of the total capacity.

Extrapolate the deviation (i.e. impacted treatment capacity) to the standard Green Drop Score of 90% by multiplying the deviation with the 90% standard score requirement for Green Drop Status

Evidence

The Green Drop scorecard as released by the internal ERWAT Compliance office (in-house. Assessment

Q2 Target

6(90%)

Q2 Actual

6(90%)

<u>Comment</u>

Target achieved.





The figure above depicts the 2024-2025 (July-December) internal Green Drop performance per WCWs. It is evident from the graph that six (6) WCWs namely: Carl Grundlingh, Benoni, Ratanda, Daveyton, Herbert Bickley and JP Marais achieved the 90% Targeted Green Drop score. Four (4) WCWs are on the Good status (80% - 89%) while nine (9) are on the average Green Drop performance with Dekema being the lowest with 65.8% green drop score.

Reasons for variance

Target was met with no variance. Six plants achieved a Green Drop Score above 90%, measured in terms of the Green Drop criteria, during the internal assessment conducted.

Remedial actions:

Although the target was achieved, continuous improvement to achieve the Green Drop target score of 90% is required but not limited to the following:

1. Prioritise the CAPEX budget to address the required WCW upgrades, replacement of aged equipment and refurbishments in line with the W₂RAP.

- 2. Review, update, finalize and approve all the outdated documents namely: Process Audits, Sludge Management Plans, Incident Management Protocol, Wastewater Risk Abatement Plans, Inter-Departmental SLAs, Service Delivery Agreements between Water Services Authorities (CoE and LLM) and Water Services Provider (ERWAT).
- 3. Improvement in participation by the Water Services Authorities (CoE and LLM) to address Green Drop requirements.
- 4. Regular inspection/audit on sewer network by the CoE and LLM, and audit of the WCW by ERWAT.

KPI 9 – Departmental SDBIP

Percentage of total municipal operating expenditure spent on contracted services physically residing within the municipal area

Method of measure:

This indicator measures the value of municipal operating expenditure that has been spent on payments to contracted organisations with a physical address within the municipal area as a percentage of the total operating expenditure on payments to all contracted organisations. Contracted services are inclusive of consultancy services and refer to services rendered by any entity outside of the municipality secured through a public procurement process.

Indicator Formula: (1) R-value of operating expenditure on contracted services within the municipal area / (2) Total municipal operating expenditure on contracted services. The indicator is reported quarterly.

Evidence

Signed Expenditure report on municipal operating expenditure spent on contracted services.

Q2 Target

4%

Q2 Actual

38.80%

Comment:

Target achieved.

Reasons for variance

A total operating expenditure value of R74 523 442,64 was paid on contracted services (all active contracts that were awarded through the public procurement process) whereof R28 917 472,06 were paid to contracted services within the municipal area (COE).

Remedial actions

None

KPI 10 – Departmental SDBIP

Total Operating Expenditure as a percentage of Total Operating Expenditure Budget²

Method of measure:

The indicator measures the extent to which operating expenditure has been spent during the financial year. Operating Expenditure (non-capital spending) is costs which the municipality incurs through its normal operations.

Indicator Formula: (1) Actual Operating Expenditure / (2) Budgeted Operating Expenditure This indicator results will be reported quarterly.

Evidence

Signed Excel spreadsheet as extracted from Budget statements for the period.

Q2 Target

40%

Q2 Actual

37,01%

Comment:

Target not achieved.

Reasons for variance

Under expenditure is mainly on repairs & maintenance, general expenditure, interest expense and depreciation. The under expenditure is offset by an over expenditure on employee related costs.

Repairs and maintenance:

Various maintenance contracts were not yet in place which resulted in a delay in the procurement of maintenance services.

General expenditure:

Delays experienced in the supply chain management processes.

²This indicator has been identified by National Treasury on 30 May 2024 (Ref No: EKU/2) as having reporting challenges and will be exempted from reporting for the 2023/24 and 2024/25 financial year until the definition of the indicator is revised in the upcoming 2025/26 Addendum 6 of the MFMA C88 to provide clear guidance to municipalities on how to report accurately. It has just been included in this scorecard for monitoring purposes by the City

Interest expense:

The actual interest expenditure incurred was slightly lower than expected due to the recent interest rate cuts and the volatility of the interest rate in general.

Depreciation:

Due to the review of the useful life of assets an adjustment the to the carry value of certain assets were required. This resulted in unplanned adjustment to depreciation which was not budget for.

Employee related costs:

Management anticipated a 40 percent spend on employee related cost by the end of Q2 whilst actual employee related costs of 51 percent was achieved.

Remedial actions:

Repairs & maintenance:

The new maintenance contracts were signed at the end of Q2 and spending is likely to improve in Q3 & Q4.

General expenses:

Acceleration of the supply chain management processes to resolve delays experienced in the procurement process. (e.g. Transport & Freight - plant hire).

Depreciation:

Ensure that depreciation budget is inline going forward. Excess budget has been adjusted in the mid-year adjustment.

KPI 11 – Departmental SDBIP

Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful, Unauthorised Expenditure as a percentage of Total Operating Expenditure

Method of measure:

The indicator measures the extent to which the municipality has incurred irregular, fruitless and wasteful and unauthorised expenditure. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Irregular expenditure is incurred by the municipality in contravention of a requirement of the law. Unauthorized expenditure includes overspending of the total amount appropriated in the approved budget.

Indicator Formula: ((1) Irregular + (2) Fruitless and Wasteful + (3) Unauthorised Expenditure) / (4) Total Operating Expenditure.

The Audited Annual Financial Statements for the previous financial year are finalised in January of the following financial period for the previous financial period, therefore this indicator will be reported annually in the Q3 of the following financial year for the previous financial year-end.

Evidence

The Audited Annual Financial Statements for the previous financial year as finalised in January of the following financial period for the previous financial period.

Q2 Target

N/A

Q2 Actual

N/A

Comment: N/A

Reasons for variance

Remedial actions: N/A

KPI 12 – Departmental SDBIP

Repairs and Maintenance as a percentage of property, plant, equipment and investment property

Method of measure:

This indicator measures the extent at which the municipality spent on repairs and maintenance of infrastructure assets relative to its asset base. Repairs and maintenance are a group of accounts consisting of labour costs, material costs, secondary costs, etc.

Evidence

The Audited Annual Financial Statements for the previous financial year as finalised in January of the following financial period for the previous financial period

Q2 Target

N/A

Q2 Actual N/A

<u>Comment:</u> N/A

<u>Reasons for variance</u> N/A

Remedial actions

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<u>KPI 13 – Departmental SDBIP</u> Percentage of tender cancellations

Method of measure:

This indicator measures the percentage of tender cancellations in relation to the total number of tender business cases that was recorded, advertised and closed.

Indicator Formula: (1) Number of tenders cancelled / (2) Total number of tenders advertised and closed. The indicator is reported quarterly.

Evidence

Signed and dated SCM report containing tender cancellations in relation to the total number of tender business cases that was recorded, advertised and closed.

Q2 Target

10%

Q2 Actual

0%

Comment:

Target achieved.

Reasons for variance

The variance is -10% as no bids were cancelled during Quarter 2 of the financial period under review

Remedial actions:

None

<u>KPI 14 – Departmental SDBIP</u> Net Surplus /Deficit Margin for Wastewater

Method of measure:

Wastewater is measured separately to track the extent to which the municipality generates surplus or deficit. Total expenditure, in this context, refers to direct costs, overheard costs and capital financing costs incurred in providing wastewater and sanitation services. Direct costs include employee related costs, bulk purchases, repairs and maintenance, contracted services, debt impairment, depreciation and other costs not grouped under the above-mentioned categories. Overheard costs, also referred to as indirect costs, are costs that are not directly attributable to a service but are incurred in running a municipality, for example office space or computer software and all charges or recoveries. Capital financing costs are costs associated with financing infrastructure expansion or rehabilitation of existing assets, for example interest and redemption charges.

The Audited Annual Financial Statements for the previous financial year are finalised in January of the following financial period for the previous financial period, therefore this indicator will be reported annually in the Q3 of the following financial year for the previous financial year-end.

Evidence

The Audited Annual Financial Statements for the previous financial year as finalised in January of the following financial period for the previous financial period.

Q2 Target

N/A

Q2 Actual

N/A

Comment: N/A

Reasons for variance N/A

Remedial actions: N/A 3.1 City-Wide/Institutional SDBIP 2024/25

Refer to the City-wide SDBIP 2024/25

Table1: City-Wide Indicators

NB: Please note that reasons for variance must be provided for both overachievement and under achievement

Entity	Outcome	Performa nce Indicator (Outcome)	Performa nce Indicator	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/2 5)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditur e Quarter 2
IDP Strategic C Ekurhuleni Water Care Company (ERWAT)	Djective 1: 1 WS4. Improved quality of water (incl.wastew ater)	o deliver relia	ble, affordabl WS4.31 Percentage of wastewater treatment capacity unused	e and sustail Dated and signed report indicating actual flow received and treated per WCW and totalised for ERWAT system(19 WCW) drawn from LIMS (Laboratory Information Managemen	-42%	-50%	-50%	-35%	15%	e Performance expectations were exceeded	Target achieved	Water Care Works received lesser than amounts of daily inflows.	Even though the target was achieved the intention is to eliminate completely the negative unused capacity and have at least 20% unused capacity. To this end more	CAPEX	
				t System), in conjunction with the original or re-graded design hydraulic capacity (available capacity) per WCW for the ERWAT system (financial resources are required to eliminate any negative unused capacity and create some spare capacity. The implementat ion of the		

Entity	Outcome	Performa nce Indicator (Outcome	Performa nce Indicator	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/2 5)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditur e Quarter 2
				total of 19 WCW).									capacity upgrade or extension is subject to the availability of funds. The currently allocated MTREF does not have provision for any Capacity Upgrade or Extension projects, ERWAT require additional funding on the current budget allocation. ERWAT cannot commit to a specific date		
													due to unavailabilit y of budget.		

3.2 Entity's SDBIP Score card with Key Performance Areas and Indicators 2024/25

Table 2: Departmental Entity's SDBIP

Entity	Outcome	Performance Indicator (Outcome)	Performance Indicator (Output)	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/25)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditu re Quarter 2
IDP Strategic Obje	ective 2: To build a clea	n, capable and m	odernized local	state											
Ekurhuleni Water Care Company (ERWAT)	Improved Quality of water (including wastewater		ERW1.1 Total revenue generated from external business	Invoices coupled with general ledger with a balance that agree to the amount reported	R39 837 478,83	R34 320 000.00	R9.9 million	R10 692 677	R 792 677	Performance expectations were exceeded	Target achieved	The revenue target was achieved due to the continued execution of current projects as well as the additional revenue generated from ad hoc projects.	Maintain the current client base and prevent attrition.	OPEX	
	To build a clean, Capable and Modernized Local State		ERW1.2 Audit Opinion	Dated and signed Audit report from AGSA	Unqualified Audit Opinion	Unqualifie d Audit Opinion	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	OPEX	N/A

Entity	Outcome	Performance Indicator (Outcome)	Performance Indicator (Output)	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/25)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditu re Quarter 2
	Improved Quality of water (including wastewater)		ERW1.3 Percentage compliance with wastewater treatment works license conditions and/or exemptions standards	Dated and signed report indicating actual flow received and treated per WCW and totalised for ERWAT system(19 WCW) drawn from LIMS (Laboratory Information Management System), in conjunction with the original or re - graded design hydraulic capacity (available capacity) per WCW for the ERWAT system (total of 19 WCW	81%	75%	75%	86%	11%	Performance expectations were exceeded	Target Achieved	A positive variance was due to lower raw inflow sewage strength during the wet season, which aided the treatment process	Even though target was met the entity will continue improve critical equipment maintenance.	R189 580 278.75	R 160 733 926.99
	Improved Quality of Water including Wastewater		FM1.11 Total Capital expenditure as a percentage of total capital budget	Dated and signed Finance year to date expenditure report	99.56%	95%	35%	45.95%	10.95%	Performance expectations were exceeded	Target Achieved	Effective Project Management and Planning & Monitoring	None	R33 250 000.00	R43 649 017.58
	Improved Quality of Water including Wastewater		3.M Percentage of procurement spend allocated to SMME's	Dated and signed Letter of appointment or subcontract with support (contract) amount Award AND Listing	91.4%	60%	60%	82%	22%	Performance expectations were exceeded	Target Achieved	A positive variance of 22% achieved, as a result of defined specific goals that are aimed at prioritising	None	OPEX /CAPEX	R100 484 577,01

Entity	Outcome	Performance Indicator (Outcome)	Performance Indicator (Output)	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/25)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditu re Quarter 2
				(Register) of SMME supported with support amount								SMME's on procurement contracts			
	Improved Quality of Water including Wastewater		4.M Number of Repeat Audit Findings	AGSA signed management letter ³	8 repeat audit findings noted in the AGSA signed management letter for the 2021/2022 regularity audit	0 repeat audit findings noted in the AGSA signed managem ent letter for the 2022/202 3 regularity	0	4	4	Performance was below expectations	Target not achieved	ERWAT has four repeat audit findings. Two of the findings relates to internal control deficiencies on a number of areas specificly relating to the Wastewater Treatment Works. The remaining two findings relates to the non prevention of fruitless and wasteful expenditure and consequence management on irregular expenditure.	ERWAT will continue to aim to improve on the internal control deficiencies which might still exist and to prevent fruitless and wasteful expenditure in the future. An external service provider has been appointed by the CoE to ensure that consequence management is adequately implemented.	OPEX	N/A
	Improved quality of water including wastewater		6.M Number of Green Drop (90%) wastewater treatment	The Green Drop scorecard as released by the internal ERWAT	6 (90%)	6 (90%)	6 (90%)	6(90%)	0	Performance expectations were met	Target Achieved	Six plants achieved a Green Drop Score above 90%, measured in	None	OPEX	OPEX

³ As at 7 January 2025, ERWAT was still awaiting the signed Audit Report from the AGSA. The draft audit report was submitted as evidence in the interim, as advised by CoE.

Entity	Outcome	Performance Indicator (Outcome)	Performance Indicator (Output)	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/25)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditu re Quarter 2
			works (Bi- quarterly)	Compliance office (in- house. assessment								terms of the Green Drop criteria, during the internal assessment			
	LED1. Growing inclusive local economies		LED1.11 Percentage of total municipal operating expenditure spent on contracted services physically residing within the municipal area	Signed Expenditure report on municipal operating expenditure spent on contracted services	8%	8%	4%	38,80%	34,80%	Performance expectations were exceeded	Target achieved	A total operating expenditure value of R74 523 442,64 was paid on contracted services (all active contracts that were awarded through the public procurement process) whereof R28 917 472,06 were paid to contracted services within the municipal area (COE).	None	OPEX	R74 523 442,64
	FM1. Enhanced municipal budgeting and budget implementation	FM1.1 Percentage of expenditure against total budget	⁴ FM1.12 Total Operating Expenditure as a percentage of Total Operating Expenditure Budget	Signed Excel spreadsheet as extracted from Budget statements for the period	New KPI	95%	40%	37,01%	-2,99%	Performance was below expectations	Target not achieved	Under expenditure is mainly on repairs & maintenance, general expenditure, interest expense and depreciation.	Repairs & maintenance: The new maintenance contracts were signed at the end of Q2 and spending is likely to	OPEX	R574 497 414

⁴ This indicator has been identified by National Treasury on 30 May 2024 (Ref No: EKU/2) as having reporting challenges and will be exempted from reporting for the 2023/24 and 2024/25 financial year until the definition of the indicator is revised in the upcoming 2025/26 Addendum 6 of the MFMA C88 to provide clear guidance to municipalities on how to report accurately. It has just been included in this scorecard for monitoring purposes by the City

Entity	Outcome	Performance	Performance	Portfolio of	Baseline	Annual	Planned	Actual	Variation	Actual	Progress	Reason(s) for	Remedial	Planned	Actual
		Indicator	Indicator	Evidence	(2023/24)	Target	Target	Output		Output	on	Variation	Action	Budget	Expenditu
		(Outcome)	(Output)		(,	(2024/25)	Quarter 2	Quarter 2		Rating	Targets			Quarter 2	re Quarter
		(**********	1			(· · · · /				J	J				2
												The under	improve in Q3		_
												expenditure is	& O4		
												offset by an	a an		
												over	General		
												expenditure on	expenses.		
													Acceleration of		
												related costs	the supply		
													chain		
												Renairs and	management		
												maintenance:	nrocesses to		
												Various	recolve delays		
												maintenance	experienced in		
													the		
												not vot in place	nrocuromont		
												which resulted	process (e.g.		
												in a delay in	Transport 8		
												tho	Froight plant		
												nroouromont	hiro)		
												of	nine).		
												01 maintananaa	Depresiation		
												maintenance	Depreciation.		
												services.	Ensure that		
												Conorol	depreciation		
												General	budget is inline		
												expenditure:	going forward.		
												Delays	Excess budget		
												experienced in	nas been		
												the supply	aujusted in the		
												Chain	nnu-year		
												management	aujustment.		
												processes.			
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Entity	Outcome	Performance Indicator (Outcome)	Performance Indicator (Output)	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/25)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditu re Quarter 2
												Depreciation: Due to the review of the useful life of assets an adjustment the to the carry value of certain assets were required. This resulted in unplanned adjustment to depreciation which was not budget for. Employee related costs: Management anticipated a 40 percent spend on employee related cost by the end of Q2 whilst actual employee related costs of 51 percent was achieved.			
	FM4. Improved expenditure management	FM4.1 Percentage change of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure	FM4.11 Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful, Unauthorised Expenditure as a percentage of Total Operating Expenditure	The Audited Annual Financial Statements for the previous financial year as finalised in January of the following financial period for the	New KPI	0%	0%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	OPEX	N/A

Entity	Outcome	Performance Indicator (Outcome)	Performance Indicator (Output)	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/25)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditu re Quarter 2
				previous financial period,											
	FM5. Improved asset management F	FM5.3 Percentage change of repairs and maintenance of existing infrastructure	FM5.31 Repairs and Maintenance as a percentage of property, plant, equipment and investment property	The Audited Annual Financial Statements for the previous financial year as finalised in January of the following financial period for the previous financial period	4%	7%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	OPEX	N/A
	FM6. Improved supply chain management		FM6.13 Percentage of tender cancellations	Signed and dated SCM report containing tender cancellations in relation to the total number of tender business cases that was recorded, advertised and closed.	New KPI	10%	10%	0%	-10%	Performance expectations were exceeded	Target achieved	0%	None	OPEX	N/A
	FM7. Improved revenue and debtors management	FM7.3 Percentage of net operating surplus margin	FM7.33 Net Surplus /Deficit Margin for Wastewater	The Audited Annual Financial Statements for the previous financial year as finalised in January of the following financial period for the previous	New KPI	5%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	OPEX	N/A
Entity	Outcome	Performance Indicator (Outcome)	Performance Indicator (Output)	Portfolio of Evidence	Baseline (2023/24)	Annual Target (2024/25)	Planned Target Quarter 2	Actual Output Quarter 2	Variation	Actual Output Rating	Progress on Targets	Reason(s) for Variation	Remedial Action	Planned Budget Quarter 2	Actual Expenditu re Quarter 2
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				financial period,											

3.3. Reflection on operations/ day-to-day activities (Analytical Narrative Account)



Quarterly Flows

Figure 1 Q2 Flow Records per WCW: Flow vs Design Capacity

Flow and Rainfall

	Design Hydraulic Capacity (Ml/d)	Average Actual Flow Q2(Ml/d)	Rainfall Q2(mm)
Ancor	15.00	25.85	235.00
Benoni	7.50	4.20	271.00
Carl Grundlingh	5.20	1.11	212.00
Daveyton	19.00	8.15	240.10
Dekema	31.00	25.15	135.00
Esther Park	1.40	0.94	182.00
Hartebeestfontein	63.00	43.90	290.00
Heidelberg	5.40	5.52	214.60
Herbert Bickley	15.10	15.78	265.60
Jan Smuts	6.00	5.88	293.00
JP Marais	15.00	12.55	203.00

	Design Hydraulic	Average Actual Flow	
	Capacity (Ml/d)	Q2(MI/d)	Rainfall Q2(mm)
Olifantsfontein	65.00	100.28	261.00
Ratanda	4.70	3.93	141.03
Rondebult	20.00	6.72	197.30
Rynfield	9.80	9.09	229.00
Tsakane	20.00	14.19	281.00
Vlakplaats	55.00	84.92	164.70
Waterval	170.00	406.64	60.40
Welgedacht	95.00	60.97	179.00
Total	623.10	835.79	4054.73

A total of 76988.19 MI was treated in Quarter 2, at an average of 836.83 MI/day, utilising 134% of the available capacity, as compared with Q1 where 66 059.16 MI was treated in Quarter 1, at an average of 718.03 MI/day, utilising 121.86% of the available capacity.

As can be noted in the above graph, during Q2 six (6) out of nineteen (19) WCW were operating above their hydraulic design capacity, five (5) operating between 80% and 100% and eight (8) below their hydraulic design capacity.

In Q2 Waterval operating at 239%, Ancor operated at 172%, Vlakplaats and Olifantsfontein operated at 154%, Herbert Bickley operated at 104% and Heidelberg operated at 102% of their design capacity.

Until the overloaded WCW are upgraded/extended, serious challenges remain to achieve Green Drop for all the 19 plants and to support the CoE in meeting the Growth Development Strategy (GDS 2055) and the development of the Aerotropolis.

Organic Load



Figure 2 Q2 Organic Loads per WCW

As can be noted, 10 (ten) WCW operated above 100% organic load, 2 (two) operated between 80 and 100% of the organic load and 7 (seven) below their design capacity during Q2(wet season), as compared to 5 (Five) WCW operated above 100% organic load, 1 (one) WCW's operated between 80 and 100% of the organic load and 13 (thirteen) below their design capacity during Q2.

3.4. Service Delivery Highlights and Challenges

3.4.1 Plant Specific Challenges

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
Benoni	Benoni complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 97% Chemical = 97% Chemical = 98% Micro = 92% The average complian ce target of 90% was Achieved with the overall complian	Plant oper ated at 56% of re- grad ed hydr aulic capa city in Q2	Plant operated at 117% of re-graded organic capacity in Q2.	were no abnormal flow fluctuatio ns in Q2, all 3 pumpstat ions are operation al	nere was 59 high strength s of COD from industri al pollutio n in Q2	12 Level 3 Equipme nt failure occurred in Q2	Inere were 5 unplanne d power failures which lasted for a duration of 29 hours Q2	Open digester s walls are crackin g,	None	None	Dried sludge is stockpiled at the plant.	Unlined sludge paddies and maturation ponds could cause possible ground water pollution in Q2	None	None	Sludge classification B2b. Sludge Samples were taken to the Laboratory on 27/08/2024 for analysis of the new sludge classification . Screenings and grits that are generated at the plant, are collected by CoE.	Road is acces sible	Portab le water is availa ble

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Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	ce of 96% for Q2																
Esther Park	Esther Park complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 91% Chemical = 91% Chemical = 93% Micro = 84% The average complian ce target of 84% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 89% in Q2.	Plant oper ated at 67% of hydr aulic capa city.i n Q2	Plant operated at 134% of organic capacity in Q2	The plant experien ced no abnormal fluctuatio ns inflows in Oct-Dec 2024 (Q2) with an average inflow of 0.94 MI/d (67%).	Plant receive d industri al high strength effluent 36 times out of 92 days during Oct-Dec 2024 (Q2).	One Alert Level 3 Equipme nt failures occurred in Q2 (Inlet Mechani cal Screen).	There were 6 power outages in Oct- Dec 2024 (Q2) for duration of 32 hours. (Power failure due to Maintena nce CoE).	Reactor walls are leaking.	Not applica ble.	None	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applica ble	Not applicab le	Screenings and grits collected by service provider.	Acces s road repair ed. Road inside plant must be compa cted.	Drop in water pressu re occasi onally that affects chlorin e dosing

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
Hartebeestf ontein	Hartebee stfontein complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 81% Chemical = 60% Micro = 32% The average complian ce target of 50% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 57%	Plant oper ated at 70% of hydr aulic capa city in Q2	Plant operated at 120% of organic capacity in Q2	The plant experien ced fluctuatio ns inflows in October- Decemb er 2024 (Q2) due to rainfalls with an average flow of 44 MI/d.	Plant receive d industri al high strength effluent 71 times out of 92 days during October - Decem ber 2024 (Q2).	8 Alert Level 3 Equipme nt failures occurred in Q2.	There were 0 power outages in October- Decembe r 2024 (Q2).	Aging infrastr ucture: Ferric plant, chlorine , thicken ers, clarifier 2-4 bridge and siphons	Digest er 1, 4,6 and 9 sludge recircul ation nozzle s blocke d. Digest er 1-9 feeding lined was blocke d. Consta nt blocka ge of digeste r feed lines (1-9)	There was no veld fires experi enced in Octob er- Dece mber 2024 (Q2)	1058.324 kg of dry sludge was irrigated to the 200 hectares farm in Q2	Borehole two has high concentrati on of Nitrates.	Sinkho le next to the fence toward s FST 5 & 6 and around the Farm.	License amend ment with relaxatio n on Electric al conducti vity, Ammoni a, E.coli.	Sludge classification is B2a, not suitable for the intended purpose; this requires further engagement with the farmer.	The gradin g was done aroun d the fence in May 2024.	Drop in water pressu re occasi onally that affects chlorin e dosing due to Rand water mainte nance. There was 4 portab le water leak aroun d the plant and farm.

Plant	Non- complian ce of final	Hydr aulic Cap	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Eailure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	effluent	uony		inflow		T unure			010					d			
Olifantsfont ein	ntein complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 70% Chemical = 70% Micro = 88% The average complian ce target of 60% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 76%	oper ated at a hydr aulic capa city of 154 % in Q2 24- 25	210% of organic capacity for Q2 24/25	were abnormal fluctuatio ns of inflows in Q2 24-25 With ranges of 81.20 - 126.34 MI/d in Oct 2024, 72.65– 96.08 MI/d in Nov 2024, and 73.87 – 148.83 MI/d in Dec 2024.	receive d industri al high strength effluent (very high Electric al Conduc tivity above 80 mS/m) with 72 days out of 92 days In Q2. Plant also experie nces fine sand ingress, and fats pollutio n that solidifie s in	3 Equipme nt failures occurred in Q2.	were 0 power outages in Q2	3 Anaero bic digester s and module 1 and 2 reactor s.	digeste rs.		sludge of 703 486kg of sludge was produced in Q2.	emergency dams contaminati ng borehole no.2&3. Borehole 1 runs dry during dry seasons	Sinkho les behind and in front of the old laborat ory which occurr ed in Dec 2019 and 1x behind return pump station which occurr ed in March 2024. All sinkhol es still not rehabili tated	ontainer ontainer WUL is stringen t on Ammoni a of < 2mg/l, SS of 15 mg/l and EC of < 80 mS/m.	 classified into three streams: (1). Dewatering unit(B3a), the sludge not suitable for cultivating crops such as fruits trees (2). Drying beds (A3a), No restrictions and requirements apply 3) Grit and screenings are collected by service provider from the water works to the registered landfill. 	to upstre am sampli ng point need to be grade d and there is high erosio n on the banks. To be report ed to the CoE	there is a water leak that is reoccu rring and resulti ng in water loss

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
					sedime ntation tanks as scum.												
Rynfield	Rynfield complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 98% Chemical = 87% Micro = 77% The average complian ce target of 65% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 88%	Plant oper ated at 93% of re- grad ed hydr aulic capa city in Q2, whic h was belo w the desi gn capa city.	Plant operated at 198% of re-graded organic capacity for Q2	There were low flows received during the Q2 damaged pipeline at N12 pumpstat ion.	None	0 Level 3 Equipme nt failures occurred in Q2	There were 0 power outages in Q2 with a duration of 0 hrs.	Pavem ent, Digeste rs, Reactor tank and Bio- feeder structur es are cracked	3 of 4 digeste rs are blocke d due to defecti ve deslud ging valves	There was no veld fire incide nt in the plant in Q2.	Dried sludge is stockpiled at the plant	Unlined sludge paddies, contact tank and maturation ponds could cause possible ground water pollution	None	None	CoE collects screenings and grits from the inlet works. Dried sludge is stockpiled at the plant	None	None

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
Ancor	final effluent Ancor did not complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 76% Chemical = 57% Micro = 70% The average complian ce target of 50% was Achieved with the	Plant oper ated at 172 % of its hydr aulic capa city in Q2	Plant operated at 292% of organic capacity in Q2.	Ancor did receive storm water ingress during week Q2.	Plant receive d high COD industri al effluent in 60 out of 92 days.	Failure 0 Critical equipme nt failures	There was no load- shedding incident during Q2. And 1 power outage of 3 hrs	Bio filter flow division boxes partially collaps ed, humus tanks/ PST's- and digester s structur es are crumbli ng /cracke d. Ancor also do not have a chlorine contact tank for	ers 1 digeste r blocke d with sand and 2 are partiall y in operati on. This cause the plant to run out of sludge handlin g capacit y, which prevent proper deslud	No Veld fires occurr ed during the week at sludge lands	Stockpile area not lined. Stockpiles on plant is a risk due to veld fires and environme ntal pollution	Unlined sludge paddies pollute could cause undergroun d water	Area around humus tanks and final effluen t chann el are dolomit ic accordi ng to Geotec h study perfor med.	standar d	CoE/service provider removes solid waste (screenings and grit).	Acces s road to the plant is in bad conditi on with lots of pothol es.	N/A.
	overall complian ce of 67%							disinfec tion	ging and resultin g in non-								

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
									compli ances.								
Daveyton	Daveyton complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 100% Chemical = 99.% Micro= 94. % The average complian ce target of 90% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 98%	Plant oper ated at 43% of its hydr aulic capa city in Q2.	Sufficient capacity. Plant operated at 50.% of its organic capacity in Q2.	Numerou s sewer blockage s in the CoE network, pump failures at Etwatwa ext.18 pumpstat ion and potable water supply interrupti on to Etwatwa due to rand water shutdow n lead to inconsist ent and irregular flow to the plant.	N/A. Domesti c only.	9 Level 3 Equipme nt failures occurred in Q2 which was the Generato r for BNR, Aerators and chlorine tablets system.	16 power failures totalling 98 hours in Q2.	CCT someti mes leaking. Do not have direct impact on the operati on of the plant at the momen t	N/A	No veld fires in Q2	Sludge lagoons are unlined Space for solar drying is in- sufficient	Unlined sludge lagoons has potential to pollute the ground water.	N/A	N/A	Screenings are collected by COE for proper disposal.	N/A	N/A

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
JP Marais	JP Marais complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 100% Chemical = 98% Micro = 96% The average complian ce target of 90% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 98%	Suffi cient capa city. Plant oper ated at 84% of hydr aulic capa city	Sufficient capacity. Plant operated at 80% of organic capacity.	The Blockage to Benoni outfall sewer line was cleared on the 14/11/20 24	There were 11 incident s in Q2 i.e.10 x high COD and 1 x high NH3.	1 Alert Level 3 Equipme nt failure occurred in Q2, namely: Tripping of the reactor panel	5 power failure incidents occurred (28 hours) in Q2, with no loadshed ding	None	N/A	No veld fire incide nt experi enced in Q2.	Sludge pumped to Welgedac ht, where it is treated.	Some boreholes polluted. Ongoing monitoring of boreholes.	No dolomit ic soil	N/A	CoE removes solid waste (screenings and grit) except for PST screenings, due to no screen compactor. Awaiting the issuance of PO for wet screenings removal.	N/A	None
Welgedacht	Welgedac ht complied with overall	Plant oper ated at	Sufficient capacity Plant operated at 30% organic	Benoni outfall sewer line was blocked	Welged acht receive d high COD on	7 critical equipme nt failures occurred	6 power outages which lasted for 109	Module 1 electric al panel for	N/A	No veld fires	None	Unlined Dichlorinati on channels and	N/A	None	Screenings are removed by an approved contractor to	Gravel acces s roads are in	No potabl e water supply

Pla	ant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
		WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 97% Chemical = 83% Micro = 91% The average complian ce target of 81% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 90%	64% hydr aulic capa city of the desi gn capa city.	capacity. Under Achievement.	during Q2 and was unblocke d on the 14 Novemb er 2024 leading to an increase incoming flow during Q2, at the plant.	the 31/10/2 024, 30/11/2 024 and on the 03/12/2 024 with an inflow COD above 1900mg /I. 6 coloure d influent was receive d on the 2,5,7 October 2024, 26,27 Novem ber 2024 and 0n the 01 Decem ber 2024.	in Q2 2024, Aerator no 3,7 ,8,9and Aerator no. 12, RAS generato r and ABS Blower no.2.	hours due to MV cable fault for main power supply substatio n.	aerator s and digester s at module 2		occurr ed.		Emergency dam			an approved landfill site. This practice does comply with WUL conditions.	very bad conditi on and very slipper y when wet.	to the plant. Boreh ole water is used for hygien e. Drinki ng water is being transp orted in from other plants.

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
Jan Smuts	Jan Smuts complian ce of Physical = 83% Chemical = 65% Micro = 93% The average complian ce target of 70% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 80%	Plant oper ated at 98% of its hydr aulic capa city in Q2	Plant operated at 147% of its organic capacity.	Sallies pump station not operation al. Incident reported on the 08 th October 2024. 24 days of High incoming flows in Q2.	Plant receive d industri al high strength effluent on 48 of the 92 days in Q2.	Q2, no critical equipme nt failures.	1 Unplanne d power outages (for 20 min total) due to unknown causes. Generato r backup was operation al.	Humus Tanks scum boards, digester number 2's wall, drying beds' walls and the bio- filters' feed flow division box/tow er.	None	0 fires occurr ed at Jan Smuts during Q2	Dried sludge is stockpiled on site.	Unlined sludge stockpile area can cause groundwate r pollution.	No	No	Screenings are removed by an approved contractor to an approved landfill site. This practice does comply with WUL conditions.	Fair	Rand Water
Heidelberg	Heidelber g complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of	Plant oper ated at 102 % of its hydr aulic capa city	Plant operated at 161% of organic capacity	High incoming flows above the design of the 5.4 MI/d	The plant receive d 37 high CODs and 17 high NH3s levels that are above	Total critical equipme nt failure in this quarter is 6, which is made up of: Repair the panel	Heidelber g had 53 unplanne d power outages with a duration of 280 hours. Diesel	The joint sealant s of Carous el reactor concret e wall are	None	None	Sludge at the plant stockpiled after dewaterin g, and is also applied/irri gated to the lands and could potentially	Unlined sludge paddies/lac k of groundwate r monitoring in the sludge paddies	None	None	Contractor removes solid waste (screenings and grit).and dispose at licensed solid waste site.	The acces s road to Heidel berg works requir es a new- tarred road is	Leaka ge on the pipelin e to the inlet works due to a rusted

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	Physical = 100% Chemical = 86% Micro = 99% The average complian ce target of 80% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 95%				the design in the current quarter.	at the inlet works. To repair the inlet works panel. To repair the chlorine leakage. To refill oil in the inlet work generato r because it is leaking.	used was 7914 L	damag ed			contamina te groundwat er resources					requir ed urgentl y	e.
Herbert Bickley	Herbert Bickley complied with overall WUL effluent standards with	Plant oper ated at 104 % of its hydr aulic	Plant operated at 224% of organic capacity	The Plant is receiving low inflow than normal since the Jameson	62 industri al pollutio n incident s experie	8 Alert level 3 incidents reported in Q2 Surface aerators	5 Incidents of power failure reported in Q2 which includes 21 hours	Anaero bic Digeste r 1,2,3&4	None	0 veld fires in Q2	Bickley WCW Sludge used for irrigation of Kikuya instant grass	All nine boreholes results fluctuate showing signs of pollution.	None observ ed	No. Bickley complia nt with all paramet	Contractor removes solid waste (screenings and grit).and dispose at licensed	Acces s road is Dama ged	No Issues

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	complian ce of Physical = 96% Chemical = 95% Micro = 90% The average complian ce target of 80% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 94%	capa city in Q2		Park Pump station is not working and a manhole next to Mackenz ieville school blocked	nced in Q2	no: 6 fault Sludge to land pump 1 fault Biofilter stage 2 pump 2 fault. Biofilter stage 1 pump 2&3 fault. Coarse screen fault Leaking Classifier	of unplanne d due and planned power failure							ers for Q2.	solid waste site.	Maria	
Tsakane	complied with overall WUL effluent standards with	cient capa city. Plant oper ated at 71%	Plant operated at 76% of organic capacity.	flow was experien ced at the plant due to equipme nt	receive d industri al high strength effluent	2 Equipme nt failures occurred in	had X6 unplanne d power failure events for 73 hrs,	N/A	N/A	veldfir es occurr ed during Q2	pumped to unlined lagoons/p addies for solar drying. Drying beds have	sludge lagoons and paddies. Lack of groundwate r	(There' s a dolomit ic report that shows none	None	contractor removes solid waste (screenings and grit).and dispose at licensed	None	e water leaks next aroun d the plant. It also

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	complian ce of Physical = 96% Chemical = 89% Micro = 83% The average complian ce target of 90% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 89%	of hydr aulic capa city.		breakdo wns and spillages at Reticulati on pump stations (Rockvill e, Extensio n 11 and 22)	on 0 of 91 days	Q2.name ly Potable MLSS Meter, Online DO Meter, Chlorine Scale, Clarifier hoper plate, PST Pump 1 AND 1x LEVEL 3 Equipme nt Failures namely, Digester gasket valve	X10 Planned load reduction for 50hrs. Total hrs without Electricity = 123hrs				been decommis sioned	monitoring at the sludge lagoons and paddies due to no boreholes sampled.	at Tsaka ne)		solid waste site.		create s a wetlan d next to the fence and at inlet works.

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
Carl Grundlingh	Carl Grundling h complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 98% Chemical = 98% Chemical = 93% Micro = 98% The average complian ce target of 88% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 96%	Plant oper ated at 21% hydr aulic capa city in Q2	Plant operated at 22% organic capacity in Q2	Low incoming flows due to a blockage sewer line	The plant experie nced 5 industri al pollutio n incident s	None	There were 4 power outage for 85 hours in Q2 due to a damaged cable	BNR structur e	N/A	No veldfir es report ed in Q2	Land applicatio n of sludge is being used	Unlined sludge to land posing ground water pollution Blocked borehole #3	None	None	Contractor removes solid waste (screenings and grit).and dispose at licensed solid waste site.	Acces s road to the plant is damag ed and requir es an upgra de.	There is a water leak that is next to the transf ormer

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
Ratanda	Ratanda complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 100% Chemical = 94% Micro = 96% The average complian ce target of 85% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 97%	Plant oper ated at 84% of its hydr aulic capa city	Plant operated at 90% of organic capacity,	Reduced flow due to blocked manhole next to Heidelbe rg WCW and two manhole s next to extensio n 2, and leaking reticulati on pipe next to the WCW, Lesedi LM and DWS informed.	None	Generato r leaking oil due to welch plug which damage and the new plud is installed and the generato r is now operation al	WCW experien ced 19 unplanne d power outages for the duration of 225 hours, due to cable damaged by contracto r, no load shedding experien ced.	Drying beds drainag e system and chlorine contact tanks are badly leaking structur es	N/A	No veld fires occurr ed during Q1	Dried sludge is stockpiled on-site, potential groundwat er pollution	Unlined sludge ponds and leaking drying beds, potential groundwate r pollution	None	None	Contractor removes solid waste (screenings and grit).and dispose at licensed solid waste site.	The acces s road to Ratan da Works is severe ly damag ed and a new- tarred road is requir ed urgentl y	No link to the Munici pal Potabl e Water Suppl y, water transp orted from Heidel berg Works and boreh ole water is used for other domes tic purpo ses
Dekema	Dekema complied with overall WUL	Plant oper ated at 81%	Incoming organic concentration was within design organic capacity. Plant operated at	The plant received an average of 25.15	Plant receive d inflow that contain	3 x Level 3 Equipme nt failures	24 power outages occurred in Q2 for 95 hrs in	Channe Is feeding section s	1 out of 12 Anaero bic digeste	No veld fires occurr ed	Sludge pumped to unlined sludge paddies	Unlined sludge paddies. Screenings and grit are	None	N/A	Screenings and grit generated at the plant are disposed to	The acces s road to Deke	N/A

Plant	Non- complian ce of final	Hydr aulic Cap	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Eailure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	effluent	ucity		inflow		T anure			613					d			
	effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 71% Chemical = 61% Micro = 77% The average complian ce target of 75% was not achieved with the overall complian ce of 70%	of hydr aulic capa city	75% organic capacity	ML/d for Q2 and the total rainfall measure d for the Q2 at the plant was 135 mm.	ed industri al effluent with high COD 8 out of 92 days and NH ₃ 0 out of 92 days	occurred in Q2. 1) Section 2 sludge pump. 2) Inlet screw conveyor 3) Screenin gs compact or	total.5 X Unplanne d power outages for 7 hrs and 19 load reduction for 88 hours.	partially collaps ed. Biofilter s and digester s wall are cracked	rs is blocke d	during Q2	for solar drying and dried sludge spread to land area to be ploughed into land	disposed to suitable landfill that is lawful according to the NEMA.			suitable landfill that is lawful according to the NEMA. A Service Provider screenings and grit transport to authorised landfill site courtesy of CoE	ma WCW needs to be tarred as it gets muddy and slipper y during rainy seaso n.	
Rondebult	Rondebul t complied with overall WUL effluent standards with	Plant oper ated at 34% of hydr aulic	Plant operated at 47 organic capacity	The plant received an average of 6.72 ML/d for Q2 and highest flow recorded	Plant receive d high COD industri al effluent on 31 of 92 days and	7 Level 3 Equipme nt failures occurred in Q2.	11 Outages with the total hours of 104 hours and 37 minutes occurred	Channe Is feeding section s partially collaps ed. Biofilter s and	1 of 6 digeste rs is blocke d	No veld fires occurr ed during Q2	Sludge pumped to unlined paddies for solar drying and dried sludge spread to land area	Unlined sludge lagoons, Collection and transportati on of screenings, grit disposed of	The entire area of the plant are dolomit ic	N/A	Collection and transportatio n of waste (screening and grit) to a waste disposal site done by	The acces s road in and aroun d the plant are deterio rating	Potabl e water pipelin e rusted and needs to be

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	complian ce of Physical = 94% Chemical = 84% Micro = 98% The average complian ce target of 90% was achieved with the overall complian ce of 92%	capa city		was 16.72 Ml/d. Total rainfall measure d for the Q2 at the plant was 197 mm.	NH3 on 0 of 92 days	2 critical equipme nt reported during the month of October 2024. Namely; 1x Ferric chloride leaking 1x Primary biofilter feed pump #5 1 critical equipme nt reported during the month of Novemb er 2024. Namely; 1x Electrical	during Q2, Power outages were due to CoE power interrupti ons (cable faults and faulty electrical substatio n)	digester s wall are cracked Biofilter walls cracked . Brick work of open channel s are unstabl e, collapsi ng and cracked . The feed pipe from the primary biofilter s to the second ary biofilter s has collaps ed. The wall			and ploughed into land. WUL noncompli ant and an audit finding.	at a registered hazardous waste landfill sites			service providers.	and will need attenti on	ed

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
						panels not receiving power at the station 4 critical equipme nt reported during the month of Decemb er 2024 Namely; 1x Newly installed primary biofilter feed pump constantl y tripping 1x potable water pipeline damaged and leaking		to the PSTs has collaps ed due to heavy rainfalls Anaero bic digester #4 and #5 walls have cracks. Digeste r #6 dome has open/ visible cracks on the surface. Office building cracked and leaking during									

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
						1x new installed humus pumps constantl y tripping 1x Ferric chloride pipeline leaking		heavy rainfalls									
Vlakplaats	Vlakplaat s didn't comply with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 86% Chemical = 63% Micro = 67% The average complian ce target of 47%	Plant oper ated at 154 % of hydr aulic capa city. Nee ds to be upgr aded	Plant operated at 92% of organic capacity	The plant received an average of 88 ML/d for Q2 and highest flow recorded was 121 MI/d. Rainfall measure d at the plant was 165 mm. Fluctuati on of inflow is due to inconsist ent	Plant receive d industri al high strength effluent on 5 of 92 days	20 Level 3 Equipme nt failures occurred in Q2 Namely: 2 x damaged electrical cable at main supply 4 x failure of Module 1-4 Level 3 Equipme nt failures	16 Outages occur (57 hours in total) due to Load reduction and damaged power supply cable.	Office building , Biofilter s, Digeste rs have some cracks.	Most digeste rs are full of sand and require to be emptie d and cleane d.	No veld fires occurr ed during Q2.	Dried sludge is stockpiled on the drying beds. Demand for instant lawn applicatio n is seasonal	Unlined Maturation Pond.	Area around bio filters at Mod A are dolomit ic	N/A	Screenings and grit tender is awarded generated solid waste at the plant is disposed to landfill site starting from the 1 Feb 2023	Acces s road to DBF dosing station is slipper y during rainy seaso n	No water supply cuts incide nts were experi enced during Q2.

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	was achieved with the overall complian ce of 72%			Pump stations.		occurred in Q2. 12 x failure of raw sludge pumps 2x failure of DBF dosing pumps.											
Waterval	Waterval complied with overall WUL effluent standards with complian ce of Physical = 93% Chemical = 86% Micro = 75% The average	Plant oper ated abov e capa city (ope rated at 239 % capa city)	Sufficient capacity Plant operated at 300% organic capacity.	Average flow of up to 375.03 MI/day received due to develop ments and bypasse s frpm upstream plants. Average rainfall of 86 mm was	Sufficie nt capacity Plant operate d at 224% organic capacity	23 alert level 3 Critical equipme nt failures occurred in Q2 2024/202 5 Mainly from 4x Pond 7 short circuiting to final	0 Hours planned blower outage	None	None	0 veld fires at sludge land occurr ed during Q2	Dried sludge is stockpiled on the plant and paddies. Demand for agricultura I applicatio n is seasonal.	Unlined Emergency dams and paddies.	None	N/A	Screenings and grit generated at the plant are now disposed at landfill site, this to prevent underground seepage	N/A	

Plant	Non- complian ce of final	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
	effluent			inflow										d			
	complian ce target of 80% was Achieved with the overall complian ce of 85%			received in Q2		effluent, 4 x Blowers failing to start, 1 x DAF 4 recirculat ion pump blocked, 1 x Sludge to land pump not starting, 1 x Module 1-3 screen compact or shaft broke, 2 x Chlorine dosing injector blocked, 2 x Module 1 clarifiers centre columns failure, 1 x DAF 3 bottom											
						ng valve											

Plant	Non- complian ce of final effluent	Hydr aulic Cap acity	Organic Capacity	Abnorm al fluctuati ons in inflow	Industri al effluent	Level 3 Equipme nt Failure	Power outages	Ageing infrastr ucture	Blocke d digest ers	Veld fires	Sludge stockpilin g	Groundwa ter pollution	Dolom itic soil	Very Strict WUL standar d	Solid Waste Managemen t	Acces s Roads	Potab le water
						failure, 2 x Digested sludge pumps failure, 5 x inlet screens derailed.											

3.5. **Project/Infrastructure Report**

This section includes all major projects that will contribute to the Mega Catalytic projects. ERWAT receives new township applications timeously from CoE and provide responses about the capacity availability at various Water Care Works as and when applications are received. COE and ERWAT undertook a comprehensive "Wastewater Conveyance and Treatment Systems Regionalisation and 50-year Master Plan" that will give strategic direction for future wastewater system extensions/consolidation planning, investment and implementation for the next fifty (50) year planning horizon. The plan cover all the Water Care Works operated by ERWAT and conveyance systems within the CoE operational area with the intention to optimize existing WCW systems and wastewater conveyance systems.

3.5.1. Running Projects

3.5.1.1. The appointment of service provider/s for the supply, delivery and installation of Pumps at ERWAT wastewater care works on 'as and when required' basis for a period of THIRTY-SIX (36 NO.) MONTHS

The project involves the procurement, supply, and delivery of Pumps for the efficient and effective operation of ERWAT Water Care Works, maintaining flow rates, pressures and mixing for effective treatment and disposal of sludge.

Replacing pumps that are inefficient or pumps that are operating outside the expected service life. The objective of the project is to enhance plant performance, efficiency and reliability to ensure compliance of wastewater works effluent to the requirements as per the water use license granted by the Regulator.

The project is on implementation phase.

3.5.1.2. The appointment of service provider/s for the supply, delivery and installation of Generators at ERWAT wastewater care works on 'as and when required' basis for a period of THIRTY-SIX (36 NO.) MONTHS

The project involves the procurement, supply, and delivery of diesel generators to meet the power requirements during load shedding at ERWAT Water Care Works. The purpose of the project is to ensure a reliable and uninterrupted power supply, particularly in areas where grid electricity is unreliable or unavailable. The diesel generators serve as backup power sources during power outages or as primary power supply in off-grid locations.

The project is on implementation phase.

3.5.2. Planned Projects

The urgent required WCW capacity upgrades to accommodate the short to medium term capacity requirements in line with the Regionalization and 50-year Master Plan is summarized in table below. To alleviate the immediate pressures faced by the institution, the City of Ekurhuleni, through their Human settlement department and EPMO have made funding

available to kick start the process of appointing Professional Service Providers to undertake the designs of the identified WCW.

ERWAT has prioritized four large construction projects that will increase the capacity of the Water Care Works, discussed in section below.

The appointments follow the ECSA guidelines that are detailed below.

- STAGE 1 Inception
- STAGE 2 Concept & Viability (Preliminary Design)
- STAGE 3 Design Development (Detail Design)
- STAGE 4 Documentation & Procurement (Including Tender Doc)
- STAGE 5 Contract Administration and Inspection
- STAGE 6 Close Out

The table below outlines the key milestones progress to date.

 Table 3.5.2.1 Key Milestone Progress to Date

	PROJECT	IMPLEMENTATION
	STAGES	STATUS
	Inception	Completed
Ancor WCW Upgrade	Preliminary Desing	Ongoing
	Detail Design	Not started
	Inception	Ongoing
Vlakplaats WCW Upgrade	Preliminary Desing	Not started
	Detail Design	Not started
	Inception	Completed
Welgedacht WCW Upgrade	Preliminary Desing	Completed
	Detail Design	Ongoing
	Inception	Completed
Ratanda WCW Upgrade	Preliminary Desing	Completed
	Detail Design	Ongoing
	Inception	Completed
Waterval WCW Upgrade	Preliminary Desing	Ongoing
	Detail Design	Completed
Olifantsfontein WCW Upgrade	Preliminary Desing	Completed
	Detail Design	Ongoing
	Detail Design	Not started

3.5.2.1. Ancor Water Care Works

The Ancor WCW is situated in Springs and falls within the DD4 drainage district. Built in 1936 and upgraded on several occasions over a period of time, the works is designed to treat 15 megalitres of wastewater per day from the Springs and Kwa Thema areas. The plant is currently operating above its design capacity, which leads to poor quality of the final effluent. The new Daggafontein Megacity that is currently under construction will require a connection to the Ancor outfall.

The scope of work entails the additional 15ML/d treatment Module and restoration of the current regraded 15 ML/d back to 35ML/d design capacity

	PLANNED PROJECTS	STATUS /COMMENTS	COMMISSIONING DATE
1	Upgrade to 35 M{/d. Additional 15 M{/d.	The capacity treatment plant upgrade is planned in relation to the 50-year master plan.	The project is currently on Stage 2 (Preliminary Design)

3.5.2.2. Vlakplaats Water Care Works

Vlakplaats water care works is situated in Vosloorus and falls within the DD6 drainage district. The original design capacity of the plant was 83 Mł/d. The plant capacity has been downgraded to 55 Mł/d. The plant is currently operating above its design capacity, which leads to poor quality of the final effluent. Vlakplaats flow distribution project is currently under construction phase to augment and add a peak flow balancing capacity into the plant by converting the old existing ponds into a balancing tank.

Plans are currently underway to upgrade and restore its original capacity of 83 Ml/d in order to enhance the treatment capacity. These upgrades will ensure that the plant meet the required standards as stipulated by the department of water and sanitation (DWS).

PL	ANNED PR	OJE	CTS		STATUS /COMMENTS	COMMISSIONING DATE		
1	Additional Upgrade	28	Mℓ/d	Plant	The capacity treatment plant upgrade is planned in relation to the 50-year master plan.	Inception stage- Completed		

3.5.2.3. Welgedacht WCW

The Welgedacht water care works is situated in Springs and falls within the DD5 drainage district. The original design capacity of the plant was 85 Mł/d. Module 2 have been commissioned and is currently undergoing defects liability period. The plant capacity has been upgraded to 95 Mł/d.

Plans are currently underway to upgrade the plant to 155 Mł/d in order to enhance the treatment capacity. These upgrades will ensure that future developments flows are accommodated thereby meeting the required standards as stipulated by the department of water and sanitation (DWS).

	PLANNED PROJECTS	S	STATU	JS /COMN	IENTS	COMMISSIONING DATE
1	Additional Mℓ/d Upgrade	60 Plant	The plant u relation master	capacity upgrade is n to the r plan.	treatment planned in e 50-year	The project is currently on Stage 3 (Detail Design)

3.5.2.4. Ratanda Water Care Works

The Ratanda WCW is situated south-west of Ratanda town and falls within the DD5 district. Built in 1998, it is designed to treat 4.7 Mł/d of raw sewage from Ratanda. Conventional activated sludge is employed as the main treatment process.

The scope of work entails the refurbishment of the existing works and upgrade by extension of the works with an additional capacity of 5 ML/d, by provision of a new module.

	PLANNED PROJECTS	STATUS /COMMENTS	COMMISSIONING DATE				
1	Additional 5 Mł/d Plant Upgrade	The capacity treatment plant upgrade is planned in relation to the 50-year master plan.	The designs are currently being developed to be finalised.				

3.5.2.5. Waterval Water Care Works

The Waterval water care works is the largest works operated by ERWAT and is situated in the DD6 area at the Kliprivier. The original design capacity of the Waterval wastewater care works was155 $M\ell/d$. The plant capacity has been upgraded to 170 $M\ell/d$.

Plans are currently underway to upgrade the plant to 420 Mł/d in order to enhance the treatment capacity. These upgrades will ensure that future developments flows are accommodated thereby meeting the required standards as stipulated by the department of water and sanitation (DWS).

	PLANNED PROJECTS	STATUS /COMMENTS	COMMISSIONING DATE			
1	Additional 250 M{/d Plant	The capacity treatment plant upgrade is planned in relation	The project is currently on Stage 2 (Preliminary Design)			
	Upgrade	to the 50-year master plan				

3.5.2.6. Olifantsfontein Water Care Works

The Olifantsfontein works, situated in the northern Drainage District (DD3), serves the majority of the communities and industries in Tembisa, Olifantsfontein and Ivory Park, as well as sections of Kempton Park and Midrand. The works is designed to treat 15 105 Mł/d.

Plans are currently underway to upgrade the plant with an additional 50 Mł/d in order to enhance the treatment capacity. These upgrades will ensure that future developments flows are accommodated thereby meeting the required standards as stipulated by the department of water and sanitation (DWS).

PLANNED	STATUS /COMMENTS	COMMISSIONING DATE
PROJECTS		

1	Additional	50	The capacity treatment plant	The project is currently on Stage 2
	Mℓ/d	Plant	upgrade is planned in relation	(Preliminary Design)
	Upgrade		to the 50-year master plan	

3.5.3. Conclusion

ERWAT is striving and working hard towards addressing all Mega Catalytic projects to accommodate all new developments within the City of Ekurhuleni. As discussed above, the mentioned Water Care Works need to be upgraded urgently to cater for the current backlog in capacity and to make provision for future housing and industrial developments

3. Financial Report

Table 5Operational expenditure

Line item	Total Original Budget	Total Revised Budget (Applicab le only after Adjustme nt)	Budget for Quarter	Actual for Quarter	Variance	Actual for FY (Yr. to date)	Variance for year (Yr. to date)
Employee related	R 517 996	N/A	R 103 599 238	R 124 653	R 21 053 997	R 229 143 204	R 21 944 727
Bad debts provision	R 1 742 850	N/A	R 348 570	R 8 518 083	R 8 169 513	R 7 797 638	R 7 100 498
Impairment loss	R 6 122 649	N/A	R 1 224 530	(R 1 954 555)	(R 3 179 085)	(R 1 954 555)	(R 4 403 615)
Depreciation	R 141 920 210	N/A	R 28 384 042	R 17 939 570	(R 10 444 472)	R 52 982 427	(R 3 785 657)
Repairs and maintenance	R 178 663 660	N/A	R 35 732 732	R 32 245 580	(R 3 487 152)	R 48 265 196	(R 23 200 268)
Interest expense	R 39 087 769	N/A	R 7 817 554	R 6 224 394	(R 1 593 160)	R 12 803 263	(R 2 831 845)
Bulk purchases	R 440 187 091	N/A	R 88 037 418	R 107 992 915	R 19 955 497	R 179 006 992	R 2 932 156
General	R 226 589	N/A	R 45 317 883	R 25 160	(R 20 157 593)	R 46 453 249	(R 44 182 517)
expenditure	414			290			
TOTAL OPERATING	R 1 552 309 836	N/A	R 310 461 967	R 320 779 492	R 10 317 525	R 574 497 414	(R 46 426 520)
EXPENDITURE	500			102			

Page 68/111 2025/01/07 Under expenditure is mainly on repairs & maintenance, general expenditure, interest expense and depreciation. The under expenditure is offset by an over expenditure on employee related costs.

Repairs and maintenance:

Various maintenance contracts were not yet in place which resulted in a delay in the procurement of maintenance services.

General expenditure:

Delays experienced in the supply chain management processes.

Interest expense:

The actual interest expenditure incurred was slightly lower than expected due to the recent interest rate cuts and the volatility of the interest rate in general.

Depreciation:

Due to the review of the useful life of assets an adjustment the to the carry value of certain assets were required. This resulted in unplanned adjustment to depreciation which was not budget for.

Employee related costs:

Management anticipated a 40 percent spend on employee related cost by the end of Q2 whilst actual employee related costs of 51 percent was achieved.

Proje ct Detail	Total Origi nal Budg et	Total Revised Budget (applicab le only after Adjustm ent)	Budg et for Quart er	Actua I for Quart er	Varian ce	Total Budg et for the year	Actu al for FY (Yr. to date)	Varian ce for year (Yr. to date)	% Complet ion
Capit al Proje cts	R95 000 000	N/A	R33 250 000,0 0	R 43 649 017.5 8	R 10 399 017.58	R95 000 000	R 43 649 017. 58	R 10 399 017.58	45,95%

Table 6 Capital expenditure

ERWAT has spent R43 649 017.58 (45.95%) of its capital budget at the end of the 2nd quarter. The planned SDBIP target of 35% for the quarter has been achieved with a 10.95% positive variance. This can be contributed to an effective project management approach and proper project planning that is in place.

4. Human Resources

4.1 Staff Movements

Staff Movements	African		Coloured		In	dian	Wh	nites	Total
Movements	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
Recruitments	10	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	13
Resignations	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Retirements	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Contract Expired	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Dismissals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deceased	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Promotions	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4

4.1.1 Appointments





4.1.2 Terminations





Status Analysis

During the period under review, 15 employees were appointed.

During the period under review, 13 employees exited the organisation for the following reasons:

- 7 contracts expired.
- 2 employees resigned.
- 1 employee passed away and
- 3 employees went on retirement during the period under review

4.2 Employment Equity Demographics



ERWAT has 641 permanent employees.



ERWAT has 66 non-permanent employees.


Status Analysis

The employment demographics of ERWAT as at 31st December 2024 reflects:

- Females in both permanent and non-permanent positions within ERWAT account for 245 or 34% of total positions filled.
- Males in both permanent and non-permanent positions within ERWAT account for 462 or 66% of total positions filled.

4.3 Employment Equity Update

The Employment Equity Committee met on 11 August 2024 to align the Employment Equity recommendations with positions advertised at the beginning of quarter 1.





Average age as at 12/2024 = 36



4.4 Leave Management



Total number of employees who took sick leave during the period under review are 232. The total sick leave taken equates to an approximate minimum of 4 days per employees.

4.5 Overtime Trends

		Quarter 1		Qua	arter 2	YTD
Department	partment Annual Budget Hours Cost		Hours	Cost (incl. backpay)	Percentage Expenditure	
Office of the MD (incl. Security)	402 348,00	188,50	74 179,62	180,90	76 554,57	37%
Company Secretariat	70 839,00	0	0	0	0	-
Financial Services	250 576,00	188,50	65 300,55	100,00	35 701,63	40%
Human Resources	29 072,00	0	0	0	0	-
Strategy, Monitoring and Evaluation	36 458,00	0	0	0	0	-
Maintenance	5 115 015,00	4 509,50	1 236 464,84	3 639,00	1 109 318,83	46%
IPAP	0	39,00	14 519,93	0	653,40	
Scientific Services (incl. R&D)	2 119 246,00	1 780,50	553 298,08	1 853,50	630 459,31	56%
Commercial Business	664 278,00	3 038,50	537 499,20	2 702,50	479 571,92	153%
Operations	12 289 372,00	14 082,50	2 706 718,41	9 771,00	2 219 260,89	40%
Total	20 977 204,00	23 827,00	5 187 980,63	18 246,90	4 551 520,55	46%

Overtime is monitored and approved by management, as per the needs of the various business units.

4.6 Training and Development

The reporting period saw 69 employees attending various training interventions.



1.

Report on performance in respect of the Skills development plans (narrative).

- 17 Employees attended the She Rep training on 22 November 2024
- 20 Employees attended the Basic Fire Fighting training on 26 November 2024
- 15 Employees attended First Aid training on 27-28 November 2024
- 17 Employees attended the Incident Investigation training on 09-11 December 2024

4.7 **Performance Management**

Status Analysis

Year End 2023/2024 and Mid-Year 2024/2025 evaluations will be completed in Quarter 3 of the 2024/2025 Financial Year.

4.8 Employee Relations



The HR department, has received, recorded and administered the following processes for the reporting quarter, below is the statistical data of all cases and the analysis thereof.

4.8.1 Disciplinary Cases

- Two (2) cases were not concluded in the previous quarter hence brought forward.
- No new cases were received; the total for all disciplinary cases is two (2). The total number of cases finalized is one (1) with a remaining balance of one (1) case outstanding.



4.8.2 Age Analysis of Disciplinary Cases

• The age analysis of the one (1) case outstanding, 0% are below five (5) months, and 100% are above twelve (12) months old.



The age analysis of the one (1) outstanding case is as follows: Cases that are one (1) month old =0Cases that are more than twelve (12) months old=1

4.8.3 Disputes, Arbitrations & Labour Court Cases

- Total cases brought forward five (5) as at the end of the previous quarter.
- No new case was received
- No case has been finalised
- In respect of disputes at the bargaining Council and Labour Court cases, ERWAT is sitting at five (5) cases
- The above cases are pending adjudication at the appropriate forums.



The graph illustrates the statistical data of disputes at the Bargaining Council and Labour Court, as at the end of Q2, with five (5) cases still pending

4.8.4 Grievances



The total grievances outstanding is zero (0).

4.8.5 Suspensions

There are no suspensions for the period under review.

4.9 Percentage of Salary to OPEX

	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	YTD - Actual		
Total Manpower Cost	104 489 989,00	124 653 215,00	229 143 204,00		
Total Operational	253 717 922,00	320 779 492,00	574 497 414,00		
Expenditure					
% of Salary to OPEX	41%	39%	40%		

Note: The ratio between the % of Salary to the Operational Expenditure are influenced by the total expenditure for the Quarter, 41% seems high, but it is reflective of the under expenditure of the OPEX budget for Q1.

4.10. Employee Occupational Health and Wellness

Employee Wellness Programme & Occupational Health and Safety

ERWAT Occupational Health Services offers Employee Wellness Programme as follows:

- a. ERWAT has 46 Wellness Champions (WC) that are placed on all 19 Plants including the Laboratory and Head Office.
- b. The core function of the WC is to assist the Occupational Health Nurse, in identifying any health and wellness concerns amongst employees, monitor absenteeism; they also provide health education in a form of frequently scheduled meetings with employees on site.

- c. During the period under review:
 - 9 routine medical examinations and 5 exit medical examinations (exiting due to 1 resigned and 4 retired) were conducted for employees.
 - 12 Health and Safety monthly meetings were attended
 - 5 employees received Psychotherapy counselling sessions offered by ERWAT Occupational Health Services
 - Vaccinations to prevent Hepatitis A & B and tetanus (also known as lockjaw) were administered on 172 employees, mostly from Operations and Maintenance Departments.
 - 3 Wellness Days and 1 Wellness Champions Workshop were held during Q2.

Issues related to the management of HIV/AIDS in the workplace

ERWAT Occupational Health Services, in conjunction with Employee Wellness service providers, encourage employees to test for HIV/AIDS and TB, where appropriate according to the results, employees are managed further either by receiving the appropriate treatment and follow-ups are done.

5. Procurement Practices, Job Creation and Mainstreaming

- 1. BEE spend in respect of supplier and contractor (PDIs).
 - 1.1 Five bids were awarded during Quarter 2, with a minimum of 51% HDI ownership level
 - 1.2 Ownership levels of less than 51% consolidated ownership by black women. Two company(s) are 100% owned by people
 - 1.3 Of the bids awarded two are based in the City of Ekurhuleni area and the rest within Gauteng but outside Ekurhuleni.
 - 1.4 51% is owned by companies with a QSE BEE scorecard.
- 2. Job creation is encouraged by including a provision for locally situated bidders within the set criteria in the functionality section where it could be broken down further where bidders could be scored for indicating in the supporting documents and tables their intention to employ new staff from the areas, they will be operating from in the event that they are awarded a tender. This is, however, included on a case-by-case basis where it is practically implementable.
- 3. ERWAT is not able to utilise the EPWP program due to being and Entity and cannot apply directly to National Treasury for this grant through the Division of Revenue Act. Going forward, ERWAT will during its budget cycle identify potential projects where the EPWP can be included and utilised. ERWAT will require access and training on the respective EPWP portal for registration of projects and reporting.

6. Risk Management

Risk assessment provides an assessment of the relevant and critical risks through a classification and rating system, and mitigating actions and KPIs and targets that can be incorporated in the Balanced Scorecard. The reporting on the risk management into the quarterly reporting process is to ensure that the key risks that may prevent the achievement of the department's strategy are systematically identified and mitigating strategies and actions developed.

#: This report is against the risks identified in the Business Plans

Table 11: Risk Assessment

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current Mitigating Controls	R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
ER W1	Inadequate infrastructure to treat wastewater	CF1 'a) .3 Outdated, aging and inadequate infrastructur e to treat high strength industrial effluent due to lack of budget related projects. Current Capacity (14 WCWs operating above 100% capacity, 3WCWs operating at 80+ to 100% and	CC1.3. Grant 1 Funding (Urban settlement developmen t grant)	H ig h	RAP1.3.1	Investigate other potential sources of funding for the upgrading of infrastructu re to increase capacity- Go out into the market to source/borr ow additional funding for expansion- Research and Initiate new processes in this FY	The entity is still pursuing alternative funding. The response from Development Finance Institutions did not yield positive. USDG grant is 95 million limiting the entity to undertake Wastewater Care Works expansion.	The two applications submitted by the entity to DBSA and IDC in the last financial year were unsuccessful. The entity is now considering appointing a Technical Advisor to assist with the entity with the new applications to various financial institutions. The process to appoint a technical advisor has not yet started.

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current I Controls	Mitigating	R R	Risk Action	Plans	Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
		only 2 WCWs operating below 80%)	CC1.3. 2	3. ERWAT implemente d the 2023/2024 Capex Plan- target of +/- 98,10% was		RAP1.3.2 .1	Implement the 2024/2025 Capex plan	-/+ 19,87% (R 18 880 226,71) of R95,000,000.0 0 budget the 2024/2025 budget.	-/+45,88% (R43 616 673,32) of R95,000,000.00 budget the 2024/2025 budget
				achieved.	achieved.	RAP1.3.2 .2	Plant Optimisatio n Modelling	There was no movement in quarter 1. Olifantsfontein WCW, Hartebeestfont ein WCW and Waterval WCW FDPs are in the process of being signed- off.	In progress – Waterval WCW FDP (Facility Development Program) is signed- off. Olifantsfontein WCW and Hartebeestfontein WCW FDPs are in the process of being signed-off.
			CC1.3. 4	Wastewater conveyance and treatment systems regionalisati on and 50- year master plan		RAP1.3.4	Five (5) Turnkey Capital Project – 50 Year Master Plan through the City (progress report)	In progress – 1. Waterval - Refurbishment and Expansion for an additional 250 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 in progress.	In progress – 1. Waterval - Refurbishment and Expansion for an additional 250 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 in progress. 2. Olifantsfontein - Refurbish and upgrade from the current regraded

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current Mitigating Controls	R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
						1. Watervaal 2. Olifantsfont ein 3. Vlaakplaats 4. Anchor 5. Welgedach t	2. Olifantsfontein - Refurbish and upgrade from the current regraded capacity of 65 MLD to 105 MLD and expansion for an additional 50 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 in progress. 3. Vlakplaats - Refurbish and upgrade from the current regraded capacity of 55 MLD to 183 MLD: Stage 1 Completed, awaiting approval to proceed to Stage 2. 4. Ancor - Refurbish and upgrade from	capacity of 65 MLD to 105 MLD and expansion for an additional 50 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 in progress. 3. Vlakplaats - Refurbish and upgrade from the current regraded capacity of 55 MLD to 183 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 in progress. 4. Ancor - Refurbish and upgrade from the current regraded capacity of 15 MLD to 35 MLD and expansion for an additional 15 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 in progress. 5. Welgedacht - Refurbishment and Expansion for an additional 60 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 Completed & Stage 2 Completed & Stage 2 Completed & Stage 3 in progress.

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current Mitigating Controls		R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
								the current regraded capacity of 15 MLD to 35 MLD and expansion for an additional 15 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 in progress. 5. Welgedacht - Refurbishment and Expansion for an additional 60 MLD: Stage 1 Completed & Stage 2 Completed, Stage 3 in progress.	
		'b) Outdated, aging and inadequate technology to treat high strength industrial	CC1.3. 5	Wastewater Risk Abatement Plans		RAP1.3.5	Review the Wastewate r Risk Abatement Plans every 3rd year (2023)	The 2023/2024 – 2025/2026 is currently circulating for signatures by EMs. The EMs Ops, Maintenance,	The Wastewater Risk Abatement Plans were table and approved by EXCO at a meeting held 23 Oct 2024, the item will serve at the next Board meeting.

REF	Risk Title	Contri Factor	ibuting rs	Current M Controls	<i>l</i> itigating	R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
			effluent due to lack of budget to implement newer technologie s (OPS).						IPAP, SME have already signed-off as of 28 th Sept, the document is enroute to other EMs for signature.	
				CC1.3. 6	Organic testing of industrial effluent.		RAP1.3.6	Monthly Screening for Industries exceeding law limits	In progress - Organic profiling has been completed on 675 industrial source scans (363 for North East Region and 312 for South West Region). Industries exceeding by laws limits are being screened monthly.	In progress - Organic profiling has been completed on 705 industrial source scans (380 for North East Region and 325 for South West Region). Industries exceeding by laws limits are being screened monthly.
				CC1.3. 8	Tracking of incidents and on a quarterly to assist in		RAP1.3.8	Quarterly tracking of incidents	Action plan completed- 2621 Job Cards were loaded on the	Action plan completed- 1764 Job Cards were loaded on the CMMS and a Total of 921 were

REF	Risk Title	Contr Facto	ibuting rs	Current M Controls	litigating	R R	R Risk Action Plans R		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
					planning to build operational resilience and improving compliance				CMMS and a Total of 1727 were Closed. Translated to 66%	Closed. Translated to 52%
		CF1 .5	Delays in bringing back equipment to services due to long lead time of spares sourced overseas and inadequate service master contracts	CC1.5.	ERWAT Operational Procuremen t Plan		RAP1.5.1	Create a Centralised Spares Store to reduce down-time and increase efficiency	In progress. 1. Additional contracts have been added to facilitate the efficiency and effectiveness of the maintenance service delivery, detailed contract progress monitoring is carried out 2.The process has started, analysis of stakeholder needs has been completed for satellite stores	In progress. 2.The process has started, analysis of stakeholder needs has been completed for satellite stores needs and workshops. I. <u>Phase 1 & 2</u> A submission to initiate the feasibility study was presented to EXCO on and approval has been granted to proceed. In this submission a generic concept was presented, establishment of new infrastructure, re- purposing of old buildings and any other material needs that will be required

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Cu Factors Co		Current M Controls	Current Mitigating Controls		Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
									needs and workshops. I. <u>Phase 1 & 2</u> A submission to initiate the feasibility study was presented to EXCO on and approval has been granted to proceed. In this submission a generic concept was presented, establishment of new infrastructure, re-purposing of old buildings and any other material needs that will be required for a successful management of this facilities.	for a successful management of this facilities. iii. <u>Phase 3 & 4</u> Finer details of this stage will be part of the feasibility study outcome, The Maintenance team will adjust the procurement plans to accommodate the resources required implement this study in this financial year. v. <u>Phase 5</u> This project will be budgeted for under Capex upon completion of the study mentioned above, we anticipate phased implementation in between 2025-27 Financial Years

REF	Risk Title	Contrib Factors	outing s	Current N Controls	litigating	R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
									Finer details of this stage will be part of the feasibility study outcome, The Maintenance team will adjust the procurement plans to accommodate the resources required implement this study in this financial year. V. <u>Phase 5</u> This project will be budgeted for under Capex upon completion of the study mentioned above, we anticipate phased implementation	
									in between	

REF	Risk Title	Contr Facto	ibuting ors	Current M Controls	Mitigating	R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
									2025-27 Financial Years	
ER W2	Inadequate preparedness in the event of an emergency/na tural disaster.	CF2 .1	Some plants of the 19 Wastewater Care Works do not have wastewater bypassing systems and emergency dams	CC2.1	Water Bypass System for some Wastewater Care Works and emergency dams	H ig h	RAP2.1	There is no further risk action planned to be implemente d due to budget constraints. ERWAT Capex budget is limited to 95 million	There will be no reporting for the period under review.	There will be no reporting for the period under review.
		CF2 .3	Inadequate Business Continuity Manageme nt Program	CC2.3. 1	Business Continuity Manageme nt Policy		RAP2.3.1	Develop an ERWAT Disaster Manageme nt Framework	In Progress- ERWAT Disaster Management Framework is still under development. The BCM Policy was reviewed to guide the Framework.	In Progress- ERWAT Disaster Management Framework is still under development. The BCM Policy was reviewed to guide the Framework. The Incident Management Protocols for the Wastewater Care Works reviewed and awaiting approval

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current I Controls	Mitigating	R R	Risk Action Plans		Risk Action Plans Detailed Progress Quarter 1	
			CC2.3. 2(a) CC2.3. 2(b) CC2.3. 2(c)	Business Continuity Manageme nt Risk Assessment s for Water Care Works and Support Services BCM Business Impact Analysis Business Recovery Plans		RAP2.3.2	Review of Business Recovery Plans for the Core Business	The Business Recovery Plans were tabled at the Risk and Compliance Committee in July; however these were not accepted/appro ved. The BCP is being reviewed per department.	The entity is reviewing BIAs (Business Impact Analysis and BCM Risk Assessments for the Core departments. The above will inform the review of the Business Recovery Plans. The BIAs were conducted for ten (10) wastewater care works and the BIA reports still to be drafted for the 10.
						RAP2.3.3 (b)	Training of BCM Co- ordinators	In progress- BCM departmental training has commenced as of September 2024	In progress- The Human Resources department has concluded the BCM Training needs requirements for the BCM Team. It is anticipated that training will commence in quarter 3. The Risk Department raises BCM Awareness also during the BIA review workshops.

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors		Current Mitigating Controls		R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
				CC2.3. 5	ICT Disaster Recovery Plan		RAP2.3.5	Move ERWAT Disaster Recovery Site to a location far from Head Office in line with best practice	In progress- CoE has indicated that ERWAT halt the data center hosting project as the municipality is assessing whether they are able to provide the same service to ERWAT. ERWAT has in the interim given the C.o.E the scope of work which it requires for it's data center hosting services.	In progress – In the last financial year CoE indicated that ERWAT halt the data center hosting project as the municipality is assessing whether they are able to provide the same service to ERWAT. ERWAT has in the interim given the C.o.E the scope of work which it requires for it's data center hosting services.
ER W3	Potential loss of the ISO 17025 accreditation	CF3 .1	Aging instrumenta tion, scarcity of spares and discontinuat ion of instruments	CC3.1 (a)	Scheduled Instrumenta tion Maintenanc e Plan	H ig h	RAP3.1(a)	Implement Capex 2 items: 2 x Flow injection analysers GC-MS equipment	ERWAT has active instruments maintenance contracts in place to address any instrumentation	The tender resulted into a number of non- awards due to bidders not submitting correct paperwork and bidders not bidding at all have resulted in delay's in

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current Mitigating Controls		R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
		could result in loss of the approved testing methods impacting on service delivery	0031	Lise of				failures, three service providers have been appointed for this	scheduled instrument maintenance and a non-conformance No. 2024/05 was issued. Sole Supplier procurement for certain suppliers is underway.
		both internally and externally	(b)	obsolete scrapped equipment spares				budget allocation for CAPEX funding for Scientific Services until budget adjustment is done. The advertising of CAPEX instruments is thus on hold. The GC/MS Purge and Trap was a non- award and will be re- advertised when CAPEX funding is available.	allocation for CAPEX funding for Scientific Services until budget adjustment is done. The advertising of CAPEX instruments is thus on hold. The GC/MS Purge and Trap was a non- award and will be re- advertised when CAPEX funding is available.

REF	Risk Title	Contr Facto	ibuting rs	Current Mitigating Controls		R R	R Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
		CF3 .2	Lack of budget for planned maintenanc e of the laboratory building	CC3.2	Ad-hoc minor maintenanc e by the Maintenanc e Department on a daily, weekly and monthly basis.		RAP3.2	Implement ation of building maintenanc e plans including power supply loads, building/ roof leaks, etc.	In progress- ERWAT is currently in the process of putting a buildings maintenance contract in place. The bidding process has started and building maintenance issues will be addressed through this.	In progress- ERWAT is going on tender to have a Buildings Maintenance contract in place. The bid closed on 4 th Dec 2024.
ER W4	Inadequate preparedness in the event of total grid collapse resulting in extended blackouts	CF4 .1	Load shedding challenges facing the South African government	CC4.1	No current control	H ig r	RAP4.1	No further action plan to be implemente d due to the network configuratio n	There is no reporting for the period under review.	There is no reporting for the period under review. Network configured by Eskom
		CF4 .2	Thirty-Six (36) Gensets to power critical processes	CC4.2	Conduct a feasibility study on alternative energy such as		RAP4.2	Do a feasibility study on alternative energy such as	The entity is still pursuing alternative funding. The response from	The two applications submitted by the entity to DBSA and IDC in the last financial year were unsuccessful. The

REF	Risk Title	Contr Facto	ibuting rs	Current M Controls	Current Mitigating Controls		Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
			and UPS for the Laboratory		Hydropower , Solar etc			Hydropowe r, Solar etc	Development Finance Institutions did not yield positive. USDG grant is 95 million limiting the entity to undertake Wastewater Care Works expansion.	entity is now considering appointing a Technical Advisor to assist with the entity with the new applications to various financial institutions. The process to appoint a technical advisor has not yet started.
		CF4 .3	Repair non- operational Gensets- Procure and Install additional Gensets				RAP4.3(a)	Repair all non- operational Gensets	Action Plan Completed- Generators repairs contracts are now active, Two service providers were awarded the tender.	In progress - Generators repairs contracts are now active, Two service providers were awarded the tender. The Olifantsfontein Generator is not operational, an insurance claim was lodged, it still need to be fixed.
ER W5	Inability to spend in accordance with the allocated budget	CF5 .1	High vacancy rate due to the backlog caused by the previous monotorium	CC5.1	Implementa tion of the 2023/24 Recruitment Plan	M e d	RAP5.1	Implement ed the 2024/205 Recruitmen t Plan.	In progress - Position Filled in Q1: District Manager DD4 X2 Plant Manager	The following Positions are at offer stage: • Manager Legal

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current Mitigating Controls		Risk Action Plans	Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
						Lab Scientist Grade 1 & 2 Specialist Training & Development Manager ER and Human Resource X2 Instrumentation Mechanicians X5 Electricians X8 Fitters Positions at Offer: SCM Administrator Bid Administrator Bid Administrator Procurement Officer Executive Secretary Maintenance Executive Secretary IPAP Position In Progress: Senior Process Controller	 Board and Committee Secretariat Occupational Health Nurse Maintenance Manager Specialist Risk and Compliance Nine positions as per below still in Progress, (Interviews/Shortlistin g Stage): Sales Engineer System Analyst Administration Officer: Creditors Fitter Process Operators Plant Administrator Senior Process Controller x2

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors		Current Mitigating Controls		R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
									(Tsakane Plant) X2 Plant Administrators (Harties and Heidelberg Plants) Specialist: Communication s Positions re- advertised – awaiting interviews	 Maintenance Planner
		CF5 .2	Decline in bulk purchases; Electricity costs due to load shedding	CC5.2	ERWAT Procuremen t Plan		RAP5.2	Enhance the process by having additional chemical suppliers (Ops)	Tender closed 28 June 2024 and at BEC stage.	Tender closed 28 June 2024 and at final stages of procurement process. The tender for the supply, delivery, and offloading of various chemicals for wastewater treatment served at BAC (price negotiations) on the 9 th December 2024.
ER W6	Inadequate revenue generation to supplement	CF6 .1	Inability to secure new business due to	CC6.1. 1	Pricing Model. (Scientific Services	M e d	RAP6.1.1	Review of the Pricing Model.	The review of the Pricing Model is depended on	The review of the Pricing Model is depended on the finalisation of the

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors		Current Mitigating Controls		R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
	the approved budget		overhead costs that are higher than that of competitors. (Such as Manpower, laboratory, etc.)		Price Schedule)				the finalisation of the Financial Model by Finance	Financial Model by Finance
		CF6 .2	Loss of existing business through insourcing and companies closing down or reducing costs	CC6.2	Customer Satisfaction Survey		RAP6.2	Appointme nt of an independe nt service provider to conduct annual customer survey	Tender at award stage. Evaluation report on the appointment of the preferred bidder is at probity stage.	The Evaluation Report on the appointment of the preferred bidder is at Probity stage for verification.
		CF6 .4	Business requirement s limiting of entry to new market (Level of BBB-EE Compliance)	CC6.4	BBB-EE Task team in place		RAP6.4	Planning of all activities related to the requiremen ts of the BBB-EE score card Annual review of BBB EE	Verification is in progress. Awaiting final report from the service provider.	Verification is in progress. Awaiting final report from the service provider.

REF	Risk Title	Contr Facto	ibuting rs	Current M Controls	<i>l</i> itigating	R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
								Complianc e.		
ER W7	Failure to meet capital expenditure set target	CF7 .1	Delays in Supply Chain processes. (Including the effect of the Pandemic)- IPAP	CC7.1. 1	Implementa tion of the 2023-2024 CAPEX Plan	M e d	RAP7.1.1	Implement ation of the 2024-2025 CAPEX Plan	-/+ 19,87% (R 18 880 226,71) of R95,000,000.0 0 budget	-/+ 45,88% (R43 616 673,32) of R95,000,000.00 budget the 2024/2025 budget
ER W8	Potential loss of key skills	CF8 .1	Unexpected loss of key employees due to the resignation, retirement,	CC8.1. 1	Review HR Policies after every 3 years	M e d	RAP8.1.1	Review the HR Policies on an as and when the need arises	Action Plan Completed	Action Plan Completed
			death etc.	CC8.1. 3	ERWAT Progression Framework		RAP8.1.3	Review of existing Progressio n Framework to include other department s	Some Departmental structures are under review due to Departmental needs. Once those structures have been finalised, the process on progression frameworks will continue.	Maintenance Department Progression Framework was under review, the process to be finalized in quarter 3.

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors		Current Mitigating Controls		R R	R Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
				CC8.1. 7	Implementa tion of 2023/24 Annual Training Plan		RAP8.1.7	Implement the 2024/2025 Training Plan	11 Employees attended the Training Committee Training on 15- 16 July 2024 95 Employees attended the Confined Space Training from 01-17 July 2024 NQF Level 3 and 4 in Water and Wastewater Treatment Process Operations is ongoing for 72 employees	17 Employees attended the She Rep training on 22 November 2024 20 Employees attended the Basic Fire Fighting training on 26 November 2024 15 Employees attended First Aid training on 27-28 November 2024 17 Employees attended the Incident Investigation training on 09-11 December 2024
				CC8.2. 2	Employee climate survey		RAP8.2.2	Conduct an Employee Climate Survey	Tender was noted as a non- award in September and an FPQ will be completed in Q2.	The tender was a non-award. A Firm Price Quotation to be advertised in January 2025
				CC8.2. 3	Psychosoci al support		RAP8.2.3	Implement ation of the 2023/24	Tender has been awarded and SLA	Service Level Agreement still under

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors		Current Mitigating Controls		R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
								Employee Wellness Support Programm es	drafted and discussions taking place with the winning bidder Presently counselling done in-house by the Occupational Health Nurse Practitioner (OHNP)	discussion with the winning bidder. Presently counselling done in-house by the Occupational Health Nurse Practitioner (OHNP)
				CC8.2. 4	Wellness workplace programme s		RAP8.2.4	Implement ation of the 2024/25 Wellness Program	Tender has sat at BAC, awaiting final outcome. Will report feedback in Q2. Presently counselling done in-house by the Occupational Health Nurse Practitioner (OHNP)	Three (3) Employee Wellness Days were conducted on the 04 October, 01 November and 08 November 2024. Discovery Health and other companies provided many services such as Podiatry, Physiotherapy, Eye Testing etc. Counselling for mental health is done in-house by the Occupational Health

REF	Risk Title	Contr Facto	ibuting ors	Current I Controls	Mitigating	R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
										Nurse Practitioner (OHNP)
				CC8.2. 5	Human Resource Manageme nt Roadshows		RAP8.2.5	Go on a Human Resources Road Show to raise awareness on Human Resource activities	The remaining plants will be done in Q3.	The remaining Wastewater Care Works (WCW) are scheduled for Quarter 3.
ER W9	Potential delays in the supply and delivery of critical goods and services as a result of procurement challenges	CF9 .1	Late commence ment of bid processes by user department and discrepanci es around specificatio ns	CC9.1. 1	Supply Chain Manageme nt Policy	H ig h	RAP9.1.1	Review the SCM Policy as and when legislation changes	There were no changes warranting policy review for the period under review. The Public Procurement Act was promulgated on 23 July 2024. No changes are effective and the SCM policy will be	There were no changes warranting policy review for the period under review. The Public Procurement Act was promulgated on 23 July 2024. No changes are effective and the SCM policy will be amended once the regulations have been promulgated.

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors		Current Mitigating Controls		R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
				CC9.1. 3	ERWAT Procuremen t Plan		RAP9.1.3	Review the 2024//25 Procureme nt Plan and track the implementa tion thereof	amended once the regulations have been promulgated. The 2024/2025 CAPEX procurement plan has been approved and being monitored.	The procurement plan will be revised as per 2024/2025 budget adjustment that was finalised in December 2024.
		CF9 .3	Long lead time to deliver goods/ services due to external factors such as Pandemics, Rise in Logistics Cyber Attacks, Shortage of supplies & Consumabl es etc.	CC9.3	Service Master Contracts for Maintenanc e		RAP9.3	Appoint a panel for professiona I services for IPAP and Maintenanc e Departmen t	PSP panel tender closed 19/04/2024 and currently at BEC stage (IPAP). Plant rental services tender at Award stage (Operations and Maintenance)	Professional Service Providers panel tender closed 19/04/2024 and is currently at BEC stage (IPAP). The PSP is anticipated to be awarded in April 2025. Civil Maintenance and Plant rental bid awarded. SLA to be finalized by 19 December 2024. (Operations and Maintenance)

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Current Factors Controls		Mitigating	R Risk Action Plans R		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2		
ER W10	Potential Loss of, and Unauthorised Access Critical Information	CF1 0.1	Aging ICT infrastructur e leading to higher hardware failure	CC10.1	Asset Manageme nt Policy, Strategy and Disaster	H ig h	RAP10.1(a)	Replaceme nt of server infrastructu re	Data Centre Preparations 70% complete.	Data Centre Preparations is at 100% complete and new hardware is being deployed.
			(80%-85%) of the Server Hardware has reached end of life support, leading to difficulties in		Recovery Plan (Cloud back-up)		RAP10.1(b)	Upgrade unsupporte d operating systems	Action plan not yet started the upgrading of the operating system is dependent on the server infrastructure replacement	In progress - Data Centre Preparations is at 100% complete and new hardware is being deployed. The upgrading of the operating system will commence in quarter 3
			procuring replacemen t spare, warranties, etc)	CC10.3 .3	Logical access policy		RAP10.3. 3	Develop a Cyber- Security policy	In Progress- Draft Policy Completed	The Cyber-Security Policy tabled and approved by the Board on the 24 th of November 2024. Completed
		CF1 1.1	Non- Compliance / disregardin g (Knowingly or unknowingl y)	CC11.1 .2	Occupation al Health & Safety Procedures (SOPs) -MS- SOP- SA002 Health and Safety		RAP11.1. 2(a)	Developme nt of Occupation al Health Standard Operating Procedures : Employee Assistance	In progress- Reviewed and will be presented at the next Central Safety Committee meeting scheduled for	Standard Operating Procedures were presented at the Central Safety Committee meeting held on 01 November 2024. Final inputs from the committee are being

REF Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current Mitigating Controls		Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
	Occupation al Health & Safety policies and Standard operating procedures.	Representat ive Procedure -MS- SOP- SA003 Accident Reporting			Programm e	11 October 2024	incorporated and the final document will submitted to the Managing Director signed-off in Quarter3.
Potential injuries to people (personnel, visitors and contractors) and damage to property	(e.g. Inappropriat e use of PPE;)	and Investigatio n Procedure -MS- SOP- SA004 Permit to Work Procedures -MS- SOP- SA005 Confined Space Procedure -MS- SOP- SA006 Excavation Procedure -MS- SOP- SA007 Wearing of Safety Harness -MS- SOP- SA008 Fall		RAP11.1. 2(b)	Review of Safety Standard Operating Procedures 1. Occupation al Health & Safety Procedures (SOPs) 2. MS- SOP- SA002 Health and Safety Representa tive Procedure 3. MS- SOP- SA003 Accident Reporting	In progress- The following procedures reviews will be presented at the next Central Safety Committee meeting scheduled for 11 October 2024: 1. MS-SOP- SA-005 Confined Space 2. MS-SOP- SA-009 Control of contractors working at ERWAT 3. MS-SOP- SA-007 Safety Harness	Standard Operating Procedures were presented at the Central Safety Committee meeting held on 01 November 2024. Final inputs from the committee are being incorporated and the final document will submitted to the Managing Director signed-off in Quarter3.

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors	Current Mitigating Controls	R R	Risk Action Plans	Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
			Protection Plan -MS- SOP- SA009 Control of contractors working at ERWAT -MS- SOP- SA0010 HSE Plan		and Investigatio n Procedure 4. MS- SOP- SA004 Permit to Work Procedures 5. MS- SOP- SA005 Confined Space Procedure 6. MS- SOP- SA006 Excavation Procedure 7. MS- SOP- SA006 Excavation Procedure 7. MS- SOP- SA007 Wearing of Safety Harness 8. MS- SOP- SA008 Fall Protection	4. MS-SOP- SA-010 OHSE Plan 5. PPE procedure (New procedure) 6. H&S Risk Assessment procedure (New procedure) 7. Emergency Procedure 8. Auding and inspection procedure (New procedure) 9. Hazardous Substances procedure) 9. Hazardous	

REF	Risk Title	Contributing Factors		Current Mitigating Controls		R R	Risk Action Plans		Detailed Progress Quarter 1	Detailed Progress Quarter 2
		CF1 1.2	Deterioratin g workplace condition due to inadequate maintenanc e	CC11.2 .1	2024/2025 Maintenanc e Plan		RAP11.2. 1	Plan 9. MS- SOP- SA009 Control of contractors working at ERWAT 10. MS- SOP- SA0010 HSE Plan Maintenanc e of Buildings by Operations Departmen t	In Progress- ERWAT is currently in the process of putting a buildings maintenance contract in place. The bidding process has started and building maintenance issues will be addressed through this.	In progress- ERWAT went out on a Building Maintenance Tender, the bid closed on 4 th Dec 2024.
Emerging Risks (Narrative)

The current risk profile is targeted to be reviewed with the assistance of a service provider. The budget allocation for this activity was finalised during the budget adjustment cycle in Q2. The procurement of the service provider is planned to commence in Q3.

7. Legislative (only if applicable to your department)

Compliance with legislation that applies to the entity is critical to the existence and operations of ERWAT. Management and the board have identified and prioritised seven (7) key legislation for monitoring. Compliance risk management plans are developed to ensure that all the risks are mitigated. Any changes to legislation is aligned with internal policies and processes The Regulatory Landscape consist of the following

- 1. Companies Act 71 of 2008
- 2. Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000
- 3. National Water Act 36 of 1998
- 4. National Environmental Management Act
- 5. Municipal Finance Management 56 of 2003
- 6. Labour Relations Act 66 of 1995
- 7. Occupational Health and Safety Act 85 of 1993
- 8. Disaster Management Act 57 of 2005
- 9. Personal Protection of Information Act 4 of 2

Key Audit Matters and Progress

ERWAT obtained a clean audit opinion from the AGSA for the 2023/2024 financial year.

Approved By:

AMA 17

7 January 2025

Mr. Kennedy Chihota

Date

Managing Director – ERWAT

8.